DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 064 525

Vr 016 152

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TITLE

The Ability of Standardized Test. Instruments to Predict Training Success and Employment Success.

Project MINI-SCORE, Final Technical Report.

INSTITUTION

Minnesota Univ., Minneapolis. Dept. of Trade and

Industrial Education.

SPONS AGENCY

Office of Education (DHEW), Washington, D. C. Div. of

Comprehensive and Vocational Research.

PUB DATE

Mar 72

NOTE

144p.

EDRS PRICE

MF-\$0.65 HC-\$6.58

DESCRIPTORS

Aptitude Tests; Interest Tests; Job Training; *Measurement Instruments: Personality Tests: *Predictive Ability (Testing); Prognostic Tests; *Standardized Tests; Success Factors; Tables (Data);

Technical Education: *Vocational Adjustment: *Vocational Counseling; Vocational Education

IDENTIFIERS

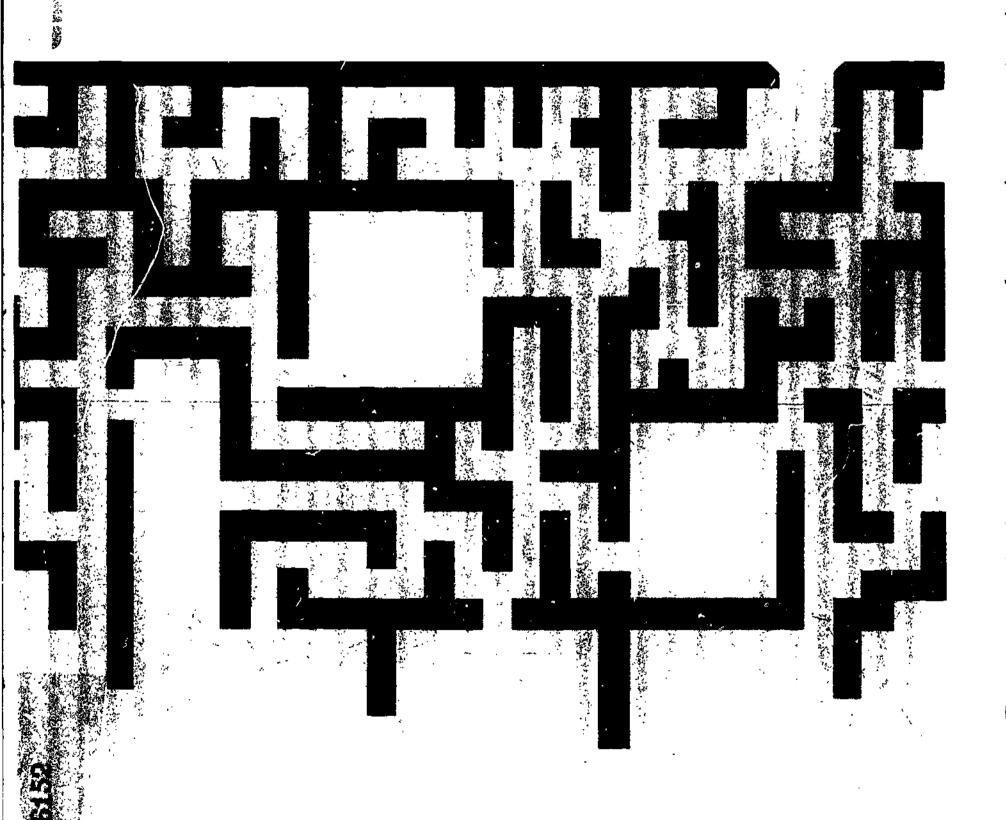
Project MINI SCORE

ABSTRACT

Using post-secondary vocational and technical education students as the populations, the objectives of this project were to determine: (1) the ability of standardized instruments to predict the various criteria of success, (2) the relative ability of the different instruments to predict each criterion of success, and (3) which sub-set of all of the scales in the Project MINI-SCORE battery is most effective in predicting a given criterion. Instruments included in the battery were the: (1) General Aptitude Test Battery, (2) Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory, (3) Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire, (4) Minnesota Importance Questionnaire, (5) Vocational Development Inventory, and (6) Minnesota Scholastic Aptitude Test, Multiple and zero-order correlation analyses were performed on each population, taking scores obtained from students upon application to school and correlating them with each of the 11 different criteria of vocational student success. Findings of this research included: (1) It is not possible to generalize about the relationship between an instrument and a criterion, (2) Student interests, job needs, and personality were the key factors related to the success of the students studied, and (3) There is little agreement between the specific instrument scales that are most predictive of a given criterion of success in different populations. Related documents are available as VT 016 148-VT 016 151. (Author/JS)



The Ability of Standardized Test Instruments to Predict Training Success and Employment Success



PROJECT MINI-SCORE FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT:

THE ABILITY OF STANDARDIZED TEST INSTRUMENTS
TO PREDICT TRAINING SUCCESS AND
EMPLOYMENT SUCCESS

US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.
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The research reported herein was performed pursuant to a grant with the Division of Comprehensive and Vocational Research, Office of Education, U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. The formal project name is "The Characteristics of Full-Time Students in Post-Secondary Trade Schools," U.S.O.E. project no. HRD 5-0148. Contractors undertaking such projects under Government sponsorship are encouraged to express freely their professional judgment in the conduct of the project. Points of view or opinions stated do not, therefore, necessarily represent official Office of Education position or policy.

Project MINI-SCORE
(Minnesota Student Characteristics and Occupationally Related Education)
Department of Industrial Education
University of Minnesota
March, 1972



FOREWORD

This technical report is one of the technical reports of Project MINI-SCORE which summarize the findings of six years of intensive research into possible relationships between standardized test measures and a number of different criteria of vocational student success. The technical reports present a detailed discussion of Project findings. A general discussion of the goals and objectives of the total Project and the major findings can be found in the publication entitled PROJECT MINI-SCORE FINAL REPORT.

Through Project MINI-SCORE, test data consisting of measures derived from six separate instruments and test batteries were gathered on individual applicants to the area vocationaltechnical schools of Minnesota. The tests included in the battery were: (1) the General Aptitude Test Battery (Form B) written portions only, (2) the Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory, (3) the Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire (Form C), (4) the Minnesota Importance Questionnaire (30-scale version), (5) the Vocational Development Inventory, and (6) the Minnesota Scholastic Aptitude Test. In addition, personal descriptive data were obtained from the students through the use of a questionnaire. The data from these instruments were analyzed to determine which of the information gathered would be useful in counseling individuals with reference to full-time, post-high school vocational-technical courses offered in the area vocational-technical schools of Minnesota. Measures of vocational student success included in the Project were: (1) reported graduation versus dropping out of programs, (2) employment status one year after graduation, (3) job satisfaction one year after graduation, and (4) job satisfactoriness one year after graduation.

The titles of all of the final technical reports of the Project can be found on the back cover of this report. Additional publications of Project MINI-SCORE which have dealt with some of the critical issues in vocational education research are listed on the last page. Limited numbers of copies of these reports are available.

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ABSTRACT (OVERALL SUMMARY)

This report summarized the results of the Project MINI-SCORE sub-study pertaining to the ability of the various measures obtained through the Project to predict a variety of criteria of vocational student success. The objectives were: (1) to determine the ability of each instrument to predict the various criteria of success, (2) to determine the relative ability of the different instruments to predict each criterion of success, and (3) to determine which sub-set of all of the scales in the Project MINI-SCORE battery are most effective in predicting a given criterion.

The population of Minnesota post-high school area vocational-technical school students included in the study represented nine separate groups. Six of the groups represented three "primarily" male and three "primarily" female occupational curricula. The other three groups represented the total Project population, the total population of males, and the total population of females. Multiple and zero-order correlation analyses were performed on each population, taking scores obtained from students upon application to the schools (instruments used were the GATB, MVII, 16PF, MIQ, VDI, MSAT, and a personal data sheet) and correlating them with each of eleven different criteria of vocational student success. The criteria were: (1) graduation versus dropping out of the program, (2) being employed in a job related to training versus being unemployed or employed in an unrelated job one year after graduation, (3) being employed in a job related to training one year after graduation versus dropping out of the program, (4 ~ 6) job satisfaction as measured by the three scales of the MSQ (intrinsic, extrinsic, and general satisfaction) and (7 - 11) job satisfactoriness



as measured by the five scales of the MSS (promotability, personal adjustment, conformance, dependability, and general satisfactoriness).

All of the correlation analyses resulted in quite low correlation coefficients, which indicated that the relationships between the constructs measured by the instruments and the criteria were not high. The following conclusions, based on those correlations which were significant, should be examined in light of the magnitude of the correlations.

The findings pertaining to the ability of an instrument to predict the various criteria of vocational student success led to the conclusion that it is not possible to generalize about the relationship between an instrument and a criterion. None of the instruments were consistently most highly correlated with the same criterion across all three total populations or the six curriculum populations. The relationship between an instrument and the criteria changed from population to population, implying that an instrument that might be most effective in predicting a criterion in one population may not be most effective in predicting that same criterion in another population.

The findings pertaining to the relative ability of the different instruments to predict the criteria of vocational student success led to the conclusion that student interests, job needs, and personality were the key factors related to the success of the students studied. The MVII, MIQ, and 16PF were predominantly the best predictors of the success of vocational students.

The findings pertaining to the best sub-set of scales from all of the Project MINI-SCORE battery led to the conclusion that there is little agreement between the specific instrument scales that are most predictive of a given criterion of success in different populations. Also, there is little agreement as to those scales which are most predictive of the different criteria of success within the same population. No single instrument scale consistently was signifi-



cantly correlated with each of the criteria using the same population, in the results of the step-wise regression analyses.

The overall conclusions of this particular Project MINI-SCORE sub-study are that the use of standardized test instruments as devices for predicting success in an occupation should be questioned. The relationships between the standardized tests included in the Project and eleven criteria of vocational student success were very low. If one does wish to predict such success, however, dimensions such as interests, job needs, and personality appear to be the most effective.

The results of this particular sub-study, aimed at investigating the ability of standardized tests to predict success, are very discovraging; the results of other sub-studies aimed at predicting group membership are quite encouraging. Persons interested in these findings, pertaining to the ability of standardized tests to help students choose among occupations, should refer to the Project MINI-SCORE Technical Report entitled The Ability of Standardized Test Instruments to Differentiate Membership in Different Vocational-Technical Curricula for a detailed discussion of findings, or to the Project MINI-SCORE Final Report for a general discussion of findings.



INTRODUCTION

The desirability of counseling aids to assist individuals in learning about themselves in relation to occupations has been documented since Parsons wrote his book, Choosing a Vocation (Parsons, 1909). Since that time, prosons attempting to develop predictive counseling aids have discovered that two problems are faced by the individual who wishes predictive information concerning his possibility of success in an occupation. The two problems are logically related. First, he needs information concerning what occupation he might wish to enter. Second, he needs information concerning his chances of success in that occupation. Counseling aids which are developed to solve the first problem generally concentrate on assisting an individual with determining group membership. In other words, how similar is the individual to those who have been successful in a variety of occupations? Counseling aids developed to solve the second problem concentrate on predicting success in the occupation. If both types of aids are available, an individual is first provided information concerning his similarity to successful people in an occupation and he is then presented information concerning his probability of success in that occupation. The logic upon which this two-stage predictive model is based is discussed in detail in the book entitled Multivariate Statistics for Personnel Classification (Rulon and others, 1967) and is termed the joint probability model.

This particular Project MINI-SCORE final technical report is concerned with presenting a summary of the research conducted by the Project concerning the ability of standardized test instruments to predict training success and employment success. Another final technical report entitled The Ability of Standardized Test Instruments to Differentiate Membership in Different Vocational-Technical Curricula discusses



the summary of Project MINI-SCORE research pertaining to the effectiveness of standardized tests in helping to determine group membership.

Three key questions are addressed in this report. The first question relates to the relative predictability of different measures of vocational student success by a given instrument (e.g., which of a variety of measures of vocational student success is most predictable by the Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory?).

The second question deals with which of the various predictor instruments is most useful in predicting a specific measure of vocational student success (i.e., which of the instruments in the Project MINI-SCORE battery is most effective in predicting whether students will graduate or drop out of a vocational program? The third question is asked independent contains and predicting a given measure of vocational student success (i.e., which set of scales from all of the instruments included in the battery can best predict a given measure of vocational student success regardless of the instrument they come from?).

Answers to these three questions should allow persons interested in vocational student counseling to select among alternative instruments or types of instruments which might be used in the development of counseling aids aimed at predicting success in occupations. Answers to these questions will also allow persons interested in developing new instruments to determine which instrument sub-scales are most effective in predicting a variety of criteria.



OBJECTIVES

The major objectives of this Project MINI-SCORE technical report were:

(1) to determine the ability of each instrument in the Project MINI-SCORE

battery to predict the various criteria of vocational student success, (2) to

determine the relative ability of the different instruments to predict each

criterion of vocational student success, and (3) to determine which sub-set of

specific scales from the total Project MINI-SCORE battery and which sub-set of

personal student data variables most effectively predict each of the different

measures of success.

INSTRUMENTS

The instruments included in the battery were selected to represent the majority of those factors thought to be possible predictors of vocational student success as determined from the literature. The instruments were: (1) the General Aptitude Test Battery (Form B) (GATB) written portions only (GATB Manual, Section III, 1970), (2) the Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory (MVII)(Clark and Campbell, 1965), (3) the Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire (Form C) (16PF) (16PF Handbook, 1962), (4) the Minnesota Importance Questionnaire (MIQ) (30-scale version) (Weiss and others, 1964, 1966), (5) the Vocational Development Inventory (VDI) (Crites, 1969), and (6) the Minnesota Scholastic Apritude Test (MSAT) (Berdie and others, 1962). All of the instruments were administered to the people who applied to the cooperating area vocational-technical schools of Minnesota during the period of the study. A questionnaire was also completed by the applicants at the same time. It was designed to gather information concerning personal descriptive data. The questionnaire was considered to be another instrument throughout the study and information gathered from the questionnaire is referred to as the "personal data." A listing of the scales included in each instrument is presented in Table 1A in Appendix A.



The vocational student success measures used in the study were selected based on reviewing what vocational educators have used as definitions of success in the past. For this study the success criteria were classified into two general classifications: measures of success in training and measures of success on the job. The measure of success in training was the dichotomous measure of successful graduation from a program versus dropping out of the program. It was assumed that a student's graduation from a program indicated that he was sufficiently satisfied with the training program to stay in the program, and that the instructor was sufficiently satisfied with his performance and progress to allow him to remain in the program. The drop-outs included all those students who left the program before completion, with the exception of those who left for personal reasons unrelated to their performance or satisfaction with the program.

Four measures of success on the job were included in this study. The first three are measures that have been used by vocational educators in the past. The fourth is a contrived measure developed to provide a criterion, which was assumed to provide the maximum spread in terms of desirable to undesirable outcomes of vocational programs within the limitations of the study data. The first was a dichotomous measure which reflected being employed in a related occupation versus being unemployed or being employed in an unrelated occupation one year after graduation. People were included in the successful "employed related" group if they entered a vocational program, completed the program, and were employed in jobs related to their training one year after their graduation from the area vocational-technical schools. They were included in the unsuccessful "other" group if they were employed in jobs unrelated to training or were unemployed one year after graduation.

The second set of on-the-job criterion measures included those measures related to the satisfaction of the graduates with their employment. Job satis-



faction was measured with the <u>Minnesota Satisfaction Questionnaire</u> (MSQ) (Weiss and others, 1966). This instrument measures three aspects of satisfaction:

(1) intrinsic satisfaction, which relates to an individual's satisfaction with the work itself; (2) extrinsic satisfaction, which relates to an individual's satisfaction with working conditions; and (3) general satisfaction, which relates to an individual's overall satisfaction with the job.

The third set of criterion measures was related to employer satisfaction with the graduates of area vocational-technical schools. Employer satisfaction with graduates was measured with the Minnesota Satisfactoriness Scales (MSS) (Gibson and others, 1970). The MSS includes five measures of satisfactoriness:

(1) promotability, which relates to job competence; (2) personal adjustment;

(3) conformance, which relates to the ability to adjust to formal and informal work rules of the employment situation; (4) dependability; and (5) overall satisfactoriness. Satisfaction and satisfactoriness data were gathered from those people who were accepted to vocational training programs, graduated from the programs, and were employed one year after graduation.

The fourth measure was a dichotomous measure which included the same employed related group as defined above versus the drop-out group as defined above. This criterion was used because it was thought to represent the maximum difference obtainable within the data limitations of the study between those who are most desirable, as products of vocational-technical schools, and those who are least desirable. The group that went through a vocational training program, graduated, and became employed in a related occupation was seen as being the most desirable group; and the group that entered the program but never completed it was seen as the least desirable group.

The criterion data were gathered by means of reports from the schools (graduates and drop-outs) and mailed questionnaires sent to graduates and their



employers one year after graduation (employment status, satisfaction, and satisfactoriness). Questionnaire returns were obtained from 85% of the graduates and from 96% of their employers.

POPULATION

The population consisted of persons accepted to the twenty-four cooperating post-high school Minnesota Area Vocational-Technical Schools between September 1, 1966, and October 1, 1968, who were tested with the Project MINI-SCORE test battery and provided complete data (See Appendix D for a list of the schools). (A more detailed description of the vocational student population included in Project MINI-SCORE can be found in the document entitled Project MINI-SCORE Final Report.) Nine analysis populations were defined and derived from the total population. In each case the analysis group is a population because it includes all of the data available for the defined population. One of the nine analysis populations contained the entire population. The other eight included three training program areas which enrolled primarily males, three which enrolled primarily females, one which included all of the males in the total population, and another which included all females in the total population. The six specific program areas were selected as representative of all of the program areas offered by the schools. The following is a list of the populations:

- 1. Automotive
- 2. Power and Home Electricity
- 3. Welding
- 4. Clerical Training
- 5. Practical Nursing
- 6. Secretarial Training
- Total of all students accepted to all curriculums in the cooperating vocational-technical schools of Minnesota during the period specified who had complete test data
- 8. All males in the total population
- 9. All females in the total population



Each of these nine populations was subdivided so that groups could be formed which reflected the criterion measures. The specific analysis groups related to each of the criteria were further restricted as to when the data was gathered. Information on drop-outs was available on all members of the populations who dropped out between September 1, 1966, and July 1, 1970, who had complete test data. Graduation information was available on members of the populations who graduated between September 1, 1966, and July 1, 1970, who had complete test data. Employment status information was available on members of the populations who graduated and were successfully followed up between September 1, 1966, and July 15, 1970, who had complete test data. Satisfaction and satisfactoriness information was available on members of the population who had complete test data, graduated, were successfully followed up, and were employed at the time of follow-up between September 1, 1966, and July 15, 1970.

The following is an example of how the total population was broken down into groups which reflected the criterion measures. The total population was sorted first for all those people who graduated from the programs of the cooperating area vocational-technical schools during the period of the study. The population was then sorted for all those people who dropped out of the programs during the period. The graduates and drop-outs were combined to form the group used to analyze the ability of each of the instruments to predict graduation versus dropping out of the programs. Similarly, the population was sorted and the sorts combined to generate groups which reflected the employed related versus other criterion, the satisfaction measures, the satisfactoriness measures, and the employed related versus drop criterion.

Table 1 presents a listing of each of the groups derived from each of the populations and the number of observations in each group. The number of people included in a given analysis group was the same for the analyses of each of the



Scholastic Aptitude Test scores were not available on all members; therefore, analyses which included the MSAT score were performed on only those individuals who had MSAT scores. Care must be taken when interpreting the analyses related to the MSAT since persons who had taken the MSAT were systematically different from those who had not. In order to have an MSAT score most applicants would have had to have been high school juniors in Minnesota since 1955. This means that persons who attended high school before that time or who were high school

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN EACH OF THE ANALYSIS GROUPS FOR EACH OF THE NINE POPULATIONS

	Populations (Grad vs	Drop	_	Rel- ner	Empl Dro	Rel-	Sati:		Sati:	sfac- ness
۱.	Automotive	770	(577)*	202	(172)	405	(304)	103	(86)	103	(86
•	Power and Home Electricity	263	(220)	9 9	(80)	143	(124)	73	(64)	73	(64)
	Welding	325	(243)	99	(75)	122	(90)	41	(31)	41	(31)
	Clerical	703	(534)	422	(330)	483	(385)	292	(238)	292	(238)
•	Practical Nursing	541	(386)	356	(266)	366	(267)	309	(234)	309	(234)
	Secretarial	848	(641)	564	(447)	389	(468)	437	(348)	437	(348)
•	Total of all students from all curriculums in the cooperating schools during the study period who had complete test data	7637(5780)	3204((2533)	4345	(3374)	2987	(1668)	2087	(1668)
•	All males in the total population	4561 (3484)	1362((1085)	2327((1809)	772	(630)	772	(630)
	All females in the total population	3076(2296)	1842([1448]	2018((1565)	1315	(1038)	1315([1038]

^{*}Number in parentheses includes only students who had MSAT scores.



drop-outs prior to their junior year would not have had MSAT scores. Two sets of numbers are presented in Table 1. The numbers of observations included in all of the analyses except the MSAT analyses are not in parentheses, while the numbers of observations included in the MSAT analyses are in parentheses.

METHOD

The ability of each of the scales of each of the instruments and the ability of each of the total instruments to predict each of the criteria in each of the populations were investigated using correlation techniques. For example, data on the graduates and drop-outs of the automotive curriculum were combined to form the "grad vs drop" criterion group and a multiple correlation computer program was used (1) to determine the ability of each of the separate scales of an instrument to predict whether people graduated or dropped from the automotive programs (zero-order correlations) and (2) to determine the ability of each of the total instruments to predict whether they graduated or dropped (multiple correlation). This procedure was used to predict each of the criteria of vocational student success for each of the populations with each of the separate instruments and the personal data in the Project MINI-SCORE battery.

Two assumptions underlie the methods used in presenting the results of this study pertaining to the total population, total male population, and total female population. The first is that the multiple correlations, presented in the discussions of the ability of a given instrument to predict the various criteria, can be interpreted meaningfully relative to one another when group sizes vary and the group sizes are large. This assumption was made because the numbers of observations in the analysis groups for each of the different criteria were different. However, it was necessary to compare multiple correlation coefficients based on these different-sized groups in order to determine which of the criteria was most predictable using a given instrument. The assumption was



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justified on the basis of the relatively large number of observations in the analysis groups. The critical value necessary for judging the significance of a correlation coefficient is relatively the same for groups of 1,000 or more. The second assumption is similar. The assumption is that the comparisons of the multiple correlations presented in the discussion of the relative abilities of the different instruments to predict a given criterion can be interpreted meaningfully when the number of scales included in the instruments vary and the number of observations in the criterion group is large. It was necessary to compare these multiple correlation coefficients in order to compare the predictive effectiveness of the various instruments. Again, this assumption was justified on the basis of the relatively large number of observations in each analysis group.

In addition to the above analyses which concentrated on the effectiveness of each particular instrument, all of the instruments were combined and a step-wise regression computer program was used to determine which of the scales of all of the instruments included in the total test battery were "most" predictive of the various measures of success. A similar separate analysis was conducted for the personal data variables.

RESULTS

The results are presented in three major sections: (1) findings pertaining to the ability of each instrument to predict the various criteria of success; (2) findings pertaining to the relative ability of the different instruments to predict each criterion of success; and (3) findings pertaining to the most effective sub-set of predictors contained in the total test battery (all instruments combined), or in the personal data for predicting each criterion.



Previous Project MINI-SCORE research findings (e.g., Pucel and others, 1972), which are supported by the results of the step-wise regression correlation analyses presented in this report, have indicated that males and females differ substantially in terms of the measures included in the battery. For this reason the analysis results are discussed for the "total" population, the "total male" population, and the "total female" population separately. Different readers may be interested in results pertaining to each of these three groups depending upon the purposes they have in applying the results of this study.

It was decided not to discuss each of the six specific curriculum areas in detail since there appeared to be no consistent pattern among the three male curriculum groups or among the three female curriculum groups in terms of the measures that predict the criteria. Different measures appear to be predictive of the various criterion measures of success for each of the male groups and for each of the female groups, which resulted in no consistent pattern. In addition it was decided not to discuss the zero-order correlations between the separate instrument scales and the various criteria in detail for the three "total" populations. Again, there was little consistency between the scales that most effectively predicted the various criteria within each of the three populations. The reader who wishes to examine those scales which most effectively predict a given criterion within any of the populations will find a summary of the results in Appendix A and the detailed correlations in Appendix B.

The multiple correlation coefficients obtained from the analyses of each of the total populations are presented in Tables 2, 3, and 4. The coefficients for the total population are presented in Table 2. They represent the combined ability of all of the scales of an instrument to correlate with a criterion within the total population. Information concerning the ability of each scale of each instru-



TABLE 2

RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF AN INSTRUMENT TO PREDICT THE CRITERIA (*) AND RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF THE DIFFERENT INSTRUMENTS TO PREDICT EACH CRITERION (**) - TOTAL POPULATION

(Table includes only multiple correlations significant at the .05 level)

CRITERIA								
	GATB	MVII	16PF	MIQ	VDI***	PER.DATA	MSAT***	
Grad **Between Rank =	5	2	2	4	6	2		
Vs R = n2	.07	.15	.15	.14	.06	.15	Not	
K-=	.01	.02	.02	.02	.003	.02	Sig	
	5.5	3.5	4.5 3.5	1	8.5 5.5	2 3	8.5	
Empl **Between Rank = R_a =	.11	.14	.14	.19	.11	.17	Not	
vs R ² =	.01	.02	.02	.04	.01	.03	Sig	
Other *Within Rank =	7	3.5	6	2.5		2	8.5	
Empl **Between Rank =	5	2		4	6	1		
Related R =	.17	.30	. 29	. 26	.13	.34	.06	
vs R ² = Drop *Within Rank =	.03	.09	.08	.07	.02	.12	.004	
	4.5	3	2	1	6	4.5		
Intrinsic R ₌	.11	.12	. 15	.18	.06	.11	Not	
Satisfac- R ² =	.01	.02	.02	.03	.004	.01	Sig	
tion *Within Rank =	7	6.5	4.5	4	8.5		8.5	
MSQ **Between Rank =		2.5	_	6	5	A .		
Extrinsic R_2 =	.11	.11	.17	Not	.06	.08	.07	
Satisfac- R ² =	.01	.01	.03	Sig	.003	.01	.005	
tion *Within Rank = MSO **Between Rank =	3	8.5	2.5 1.5	10.5 1.5	8.5 6	9.5 5	3.5	
MSQ **Between Rank = General R_=	.12	.11	.17	.17	.07	.09	.06	
Satisfac- R ² =	.01	.01	.03	.03	.01	.01	.004	
tion *Within Rank =	4.5	;	2.5	l i	6	1	_5.5	
MSS **Between Rank =		3	5	1	6	4		
Promotability R_2 =	.16	.14	.12	. 19	.08	.13	.11	
Compe- R ² =	.03	.02	.02	.03	.01	.02	.01	
tence *Within Rank = MSS **Between Rank =	2	3.5	<u>8_5</u>	2.5	4.5	- 4		
MSS **Between Rank = Personal R_=	.09	.10	5.5 Not	5.5 Not	4 ⊸06	3 .08	.06	
Adjust- R ² =	.01	.01	Sig	Sig	.003	.01	.003	
ment *Within Rank =	9.5		10.5	_		9.5	5 <u>.5</u>	
MSS **Between Rank =	1	3	3	1	5	6		
R =	.12	.12	.12	. 16	.08	.07	.07	
Confor- R ² =	.02	.02	.02	.03	.01	.01	.005	
mance *Within Rank = MSS **Between Rank =	4.5		8 <u>.5</u>	7	4.5	11	3.5	
MSS **Between Rank = R =	4 .09	2.5 .10	6 Not	1.15	⁵ .05	2.5	Not	
Dependa- R^2 =	.01	.01	Sig	.02	.003	.01	Sig	
bility *Within Rank =	9.5				*	7	8.5	
MSS **Between Rank =			3.5		6	5		
General R=	.14	.13	.13	.17	.09	.12	.09	
Satisfactor- R ² =	.02	.02	.02	.03	.01	.02	.01	
iness *Within Rank =	31	5	7	5.5	3	<u> </u>	2	

^{***}The VDI and the MSAT are single scale instruments; therefore, the correlations reported for these instruments are zero-order correlations. The MSAT is not included in the between-instrument rankings of the predictability of a given criterion because MSAT was analyzed using a different grown of received for the predictability of a given criterion because MSAT was analyzed using a different group of people (see population section).



ment to predict each criterion in each population can be found in Appendices A and B. All of the multiple correlations reported in the tables are significant at the .05 level and are rounded off to two decimal places. Besides reporting the multiple correlation (R), the percent of variability accounted for in the criterion measure by the instrument (R²) is reported. For example, if one looks at the row "Grad vs Drop" and the column labeled "MVII," one can observe that the multiple correlation coefficient obtained from the multiple correlation analysis of the nine scales of the MVII and the grad vs drop criterion resulted in a correlation coefficient of .15, and that this correlation coefficient indicates that the measures contained in the MVII account for about two percent of the variability in the grad vs drop criterion.

An examination of the ability of the instruments to predict the criteria within each of the total populations indicates that although most of the multiple correlations are statistically significant, their practical significance is questionable. None of the correlations accounted for ten percent of the variability in the criterion and only three accounted for five percent of the variability.

Therefore, the following discussion of results should be put into the proper perspective based upon what the reader considers to be a practically significant correlation.

The data presented in Tables 2, 3, and 4 have been interpreted in two ways. Both interpretive methods compare the relative size of multiple correlations between different instruments and criteria. In many cases the differences in the multiple correlations which are being compared are small. The reader should examine the size of the differences in the various comparisons to determine if they are meaningful to him.



First, the relative ability of an instrument to predict each of the different criteria has been ranked according to the multiple correlation coefficients obtained between the instrument and the various criteria. (The "within-instrument" rank is reported in the lower right-hand corner of each cell.) For example, the multiple correlation coefficient obtained between the MVII and the employed related vs drop criterion in Table 2 was larger than the multiple correlation coefficient obtained between the MVII scales and any of the other criterion measures. fore, a rank of one has been assigned to the ability of the MVII to correlate with the employed related vs drop criterion, indicating that the MVII accounted for more variation in that criterion than any of the other criteria using the total population. The next highest multiple correlation between the MVII and a criterion for the total population was the correlation with the grad vs drop criterion. Therefore, this correlation was assigned a rank of two for the MVII. This procedure was repeated for each of the various instruments included in the analyses plus the personal data to reveal the relative ability of a given instrument or the personal data to correlate with the different criteria.

Second, the relative abilities of each of the different instruments to predict a given criterion have been ranked according to the multiple correlations obtained between each of the instruments and the criterion. (The "between-instrument" rank is reported in the upper left-hand corner of each cell.) The MSAT was not included in these between-instrument rankings because MSAT was analyzed using a somewhat different population (see population section). For example, if one examines the row labeled "Employed Related vs Other" in Table 2, one can see that the MIQ had the highest multiple correlation with the employed related vs other criterion of any of the instruments. This would indicate that the most effective instrument for predicting the employed related vs other criterion for the total population was the MIQ. Since the MIQ did a better job of



predicting the criterion than any of the other instruments, a rank of one was assigned to it in the upper left-hand corner. The personal data were the next most effective in predicting the employed related vs other criterion, etc.

The Ability of a Given Instrument to Predict the Various Criteria of Vocational Student Success

The relative ability of a given instrument to predict the various criteria of vocational student success is indicated by a rank in the lower right-hand corner of the cells represented by the intersection of the instrument and the criteria in Tables 2, 3, and 4, as indicated in the previous section.

Total Population

The relative ability of an instrument to predict the various criteria of vocational student success within the total population is presented in Table 2. The results are discussed for each instrument separately.

GATB

The GATB was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and was least correlated with the grad vs drop criterion within the total population.

MVII

The MVII was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, and was least correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment and MSS - dependability criteria within the total population.

16PF

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, and was not significantly correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment or MSS - pendability criteria within the total population.



MIQ

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic and the MSS - personal adjustment criteria within the total population.

VDI

The VDI was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and least correlated with the MSS - dependability criterion within the total population.

MSAT

The MSAT was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion, and was not significantly correlated with the following four criteria within the total population: grad vs drop, employed related vs other, MSQ - intrinsic, and MSS - dependability.

Personal Data

The personal data were is, st highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, and were least correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion within the total population.

An examination of the multiple correlations between each instrument and each criterion indicates that all of the instruments except the MSAT were most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion within the total population. The MSAT was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion. Although the lowest correlations between each instrument and the criteria varied somewhat between instruments, the lowest correlations tended to consistently be with the MSS - personal adjustment and MSS - dependability criteria for the total population.



Total Male Population

The relative ability of a given instrument to predict the various criteria of vocational student success within the total male population is presented in Table 3. The results are discussed separately for each instrument.

GATB

The GATB was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion, and was not significantly correlated with the grad vs drop, employed related vs other, employed related vs drop, MSQ - extrinsic, MSS - personal adjustment, MSS - conformance, or MSS - dependability criteria within the total male population.

MVII

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic, MSS - personal adjustment, or MSS - dependability criteria within the total male population.

16PF

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ · intrinsic, MSQ - general satisfaction, or any of the five MSS criteria within the total male population.

MIQ

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs other criterion and was not significantly correlated with any of the MSQ or MSS criteria within the total male population.

VDI

The VDI was most highly correlated with the employed related vs other and the MSS - general satisfactoriness criteria and was not significantly correlated with the grad vs drop or the MSQ criteria within the total male population.



TABLE 3

RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF AN INSTRUMENT TO PREDICT THE CRITERIA (*)
AND RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF THE DIFFERENT INSTRUMENTS
TO PREDICT EACH CRITERION (**) - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

(Table includes only multiple correlations significant at the .05 level)

CRITERIA					INSTRUMEN	TS	<u> </u>	 -
		GATB	MVII	16PF	MIO	VDI***	PER DATA	MSAT***
Grad **Between	Rank =	5	3	1	2	5	5	
νs	R_=	Not	.08	.12	.11	Not	Not	Not
	$R^{2}=$	Sig	.01	0.1	0.1	Ci ~	Sig 7	Sig
Drop *Within		 	_8	8 .01 4	3			
Empl **Between		6	j ^s	1	1	3	4	İ
Related	R =	Not	.12	.16	. 23	.14	.13	Not
VS	R ² =	Sig	.01	.03	, .05	.02	.02	Sig
Other *Within		6	8 <u>6.</u>	12	-	15	3	
Empl **Between		ſ.	ľ	{		!		
Related	$R_{R^2} =$	Not	.12	.15	. 16	.09	.14	Not
vs Drop <u>*Within</u>		Sig	.01	.02	.03	01 7	.02	Sig
MSQ **Between		1	4	4	4	4	4	
Intrinsic	R =	14	l'		, i	1	j	Ĭ
Satisfac-	$R^2 =$.14	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
tion *Within		.02	Sig	Sig	Sig 7.5	Sig 9.5	Sig 7	Sig
MSQ **Between		4.5	2	1	4.5	4.5	4.5	
Extrinsic		Not	.16	.20	Not	Not	N-4	
Satisfac-	R ≃ R ² ≃	Sig	.03	.04		Not	Not	Not
tion *Within		J 528	8	4 .04 1	Sig 7.5	Sig 9.5	Sig 7	Sig
MSQ **Between		2	1	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	
General	R ₂ =	.14	. 15	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Satisfac-	R ² =	.02	.02	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	1
tion *Within	Rank =		3	5 8	7.5	9.5	31g 7	Sig
MSS **Between	Rank =	2.	1	5	5	3	5	
Promotability	R =	.17	.20	Not	Not	.12	Not	Not
Compe-	$R^2=$.03	.04	Sig	Sig	.01	Sio	Sig
tence *Within			1] :	l]8	7.5	4.5	7	
MSS **Between		4	74	4	4	1	4	
Personal	R_=	Not	Not	Not	Not	.12	Not	Not
Adjust-	$R^{2}=$	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	.01	Sig	Sig
ment *Within		<u> </u>	8 10		7.5	4.5		,
MSS **Between		4.5	1	4.5	4.5	2	4.5	ļ
	$R_{2}=$	Not	.18	Not	Not	.12	Not	Not
Conform-		Sig	.03	Sig	Sig	.01	Sig	Sig
ance *Within		ļ.,		8		4.5		- (
MSS **Between		4	4	4	1	1	4	
Domand	R = R ² =	Not	Not	Not	Not	.12	Not	Not
Depend-		Sig	Sig	Sig 8	Sig 7.5	.01	Sig 7	Sig
ability *Within		12.5	8 10		+	4.5	<u> </u>	 '
MSS **Between		2.5	11	5	5		5	l
General Satisfac-	$R_{2=}=$.14	.19	Not	Not	.14	Not	Not
	•	.02	.04	Sig	Sig	.02 1.5	Sig 7	Sig
toriness *Within	MAIIK =	ļ -	3 2	2 8	7.5	1.3	7	

^{***}The VDI and the MSAT are single scale instruments; therefore, the correlations reported for these instruments are zero-order correlations. The MSAT is not included in the between-instrument rankings of the predictability of a given criterion because MSAT was analyzed using a different group of people (see population section).

MSAT

The MSAT was not significantly correlated with any of the criteria within the total male population.

Personal Data

Within the total male population, the personal data were most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and were not significantly correlated with any of the other criteria except the employed related vs other criteria.

An examination of the multiple correlations between each instrument and each criterion for the total male population indicates a great deal of variation between the criteria which have the highest correlations with the different instruments.

The GATB and MVII were most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion. The other instruments were most highly correlated with different criteria, although there was a tendency for them to be relatively highly correlated with the employed related vs other criterion. The lowest correlations between the instruments and the criteria tended to be with the MSS - personal adjustment and MSS - dependability criteria.

Total Female Population

The relative ability of a given instrument to predict the various criteria of vocational student success within the total female population is presented in Table 4. The results are discussed separately for each instrument.

GATB

Within the total female population, the GATB was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic, MSQ - general satisfaction, MSS - personal adjustment, MSS - conformance, or MSS - dependability criteria.



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TABLE 4

RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF AN INSTRUMENT TO PREDICT THE CRITERIA (*) AND RANKING OF THE ABILITY OF THE DIFFERENT INSTRUMENTS TO PREDICT EACH CRITERION (**) - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

(Table includes only multiple correlations significant at the .05 level)

CRITERIA			INSTRUMENTS							
			GATB		MVII	16PF	MIO	VDT***	PER.DATA	MSAT***
Grad	**Between	Rank =	3.5		2	3.5	1	6	5	110717
ve		R =	.11		.12	.11	.13	.06	.07	Not
νs		$R^2=$.01		.01	.01	.02	.004	.01	Sig
Drop	*Within		3	_4	2	 		4	4	10
Empl	**Bet√een		1] -	6]1	5	4	a.
Related vs		R = R ² =	.11		.13	Not	.17	.05	.10	.07
Other_	*Within		.01	4	.02 5	Sig 8.5	.03	.003	.01	.01 5.5
Emp1	**Between	-	3		3	3	1	6	s	3.0
Related	Bothoon	R ₂ =	.15		.15	.15	.17	.09	.10	.07
γS		$R^2 =$.02		.02	.02	.03	.01	.01	.01
Drop	<u>*Within</u>	Rank =		1		3.5	2.5	1	2.5	5.5
MSQ	**Between	Rank =	5.5		4	2	1	3	5.5	
Intrinsi		R_2 =	Not		.11	.15	.18	.08	Not	.06
Satisfac		₽ =	Sig	^	.01 _	.02	.03	.01	Sig	.004 _
tion	<u> </u>	·	b -	9		3.5		2.5		7.5
MSQ	**Between		K		4.5	}¹	4.5	1	4.5	
Extrinsi		R = R ² =	.10		Not	. 19	Not	Not	Not	.09
Satisfac			.01	6	Sig 9.5	.03	Sig	Sig	Sig	.01
tion	*Within		4.5		4.5	1	4.5		4.5	3
MSQ General	**Between		Not		Not	17			: :	00
Satisfac	_	R ₂ = R ² =	Sig			.17 .33	Not	.08	Not Sia	.09
tion	*Within) SIR	9	Sig	, .vs	Sig	.01	Sig 8	.01
MSS	**Between		1.5			4.5	4.5		4. 5	<u>~</u>
Promotab		R =	.14		. 14	Not	Not	Not	Not	.11
Compe-	,	$R^2=$.02		.02	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	.01
tence	*Within	Rank =		2	3	8.5	8	8.5	- 8	
MSS	**Between	Rank =	3.5		3.5				3.5	
Personal		R =	Not		Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	.06
Adjust-		R2=	Sig		Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	.004
ment	*Within			9	9.5	8.5			8	7.5
MSS	**Between		4.5				4.5	4.5	2	
		R =	Not		.14	Not	Not	Not	.13	Not
Conform-	4	R ² =	Sig	^	.02	Sig	Sig	Sig	.02	Sig
ance	*Within		17 E	9	3	8.5	<u>8</u>			10
MSS	**Between		3.5		4		3.5	3.5	3. 5	N7 - 4
Donond.		R = R ² =	Not		Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Depend- ability	≯Wi+hi n		Sig	9	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig.	Sig	Sig
MSS	*Within **Between		2	7	9.5	8.5 4.5	 	 -		10
General	Dermeell	Rank =	.11	Ì	.14	Not	4.5 Not	4.5 Not	4.5 Not	20
Satisfac.	_	$R^2 =$.01		.02	Sig	Sig	Sig	Sig	.09 .01
toriness	*Within		1 .01	4	3	8.5	J.B	8.5	1	
	- AT CHILL	Nuix -		7		1 0.2	<u> </u>	4 0.3	ļ	

^{***}The VDI and the MSAT are single scale instruments; therefore, the correlations reported for these instruments are zero-order correlations. The MSAT is not included in the between-instrument rankings of the predictability of a given group because ERICSAT was analyzed using a different group of people.

MVII

The MVII was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic, MSQ - general satisfaction, MSS - personal adjustment, or MSS - dependability criteria within the total female population.

16PF

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion and was not significantly correlated with the employed related vs other nor with any of the MSS criteria within the total female population.

MIQ

Within the total female population, the MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic criterion and was not significantly correlated with any of the other MSQ criteria or MSS criteria.

VDI

The VDI was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion and was not significantly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic nor with any of the MSS criteria within the total female population.

MSAT

The MSAT was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion and was not significantly correlated with the grad vs drop, MSS - conformance, or MSS - dependability criteria within the total female population.

Personal Data

Within the total female population, the personal data were most highly correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion, and were not significantly correlated with any of the MSQ or the other MSS criteria.



An examination of the correlations between each instrument and each criterion for the total female population indicates some variation between the criteria which have the highest correlations with the different instruments. The GATB, MVII, and VDI were most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion. The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion, and the MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic criterion. The personal data were most highly correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion, and the MSAT was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion. The instruments tended to be consistently least correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment and MSS - dependability criteria.

Summary

The results indicate that it is not possible to generalize in terms of the ability of an instrument to predict a given criterion. Table 5 summarizes the criteria most highly correlated with an instrument in each of the three total populations. In no case did an instrument correlate most highly with the same criterion for each of the three total populations. This tends to indicate that the predictive power of an instrument relative to a given criterion of vocational student success changes from population to population.

The Relative Ability of the Instruments to Predict Each Criterion of Vocational Student Success

The ability of an instrument to predict a given criterion relative to the ability of other instruments to predict the same criterion is indicated in the form of a rank in the upper left-hand corner of each cell in Tables 2, 3, and 4 for each of the three total populations. For example, in the cell represented by the intersection of the row labeled "Grad vs Drop" and the column labeled "GATB" in Table 2, one can find a rank of five in the upper left-hand corner. This indicates that of the six instruments including the personal data, the



TABLE 5

CRITERION MOST HIGHLY CORRELATED WITH A GIVEN INSTRUMENT IN EACH OF THE THREE POPULATIONS

					
INSTRUMENTS	TOTAL POPULATION	TOTAL MALE POPULATION	TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION		
GATB	Employed Related vs Drop				
MVII	Employed Related vs Drop	Employed Related vs Drop			
16PF	Employed Related vs Drop	MSQ - Extrinsic Satisfaction	MSQ - Extrinsic Satisfaction		
MIQ	Employed Related vs Drop	Employed Related vs Other	MSQ - Intrinsic Satisfaction		
VDI	Employed Related vs Drop	Employed Related vs Other & MSS - General Satisfaction	Employed Related vs Drop		
Personal Data	Employed Related vs Drop	Employed Related vs Drop	MSS - Conformance		
MSAT	MSS - Promotability Competence	None Significant	MSS - Promotability Competence		



GATB ranks fifth in its ability to account for variability in the grad vs drop criterion. The MSAT was not included in the between-instrument comparisons because the MSAT correlation coefficients were calculated using a somewhat different population of people (see population section). The results are discussed separately for each of the three populations, relative to each of the criteria.

Total Population

The relative ability of the instruments to predict a criterion within the total population is presented in Table 2. The results are discussed separately for each criterion.

Grad vs Drop

Three of the instruments were tied for having the highest correlation with the grad vs drop criterion. They were the MVII, 16PF, and the personal data. The instrument which was least correlated with the grad vs drop criterion for the total population was the VDI.

Employed Related vs Other

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs other criterion, while the GATB and VDI were least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

Employed Related vs Drop

The personal data were most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, and the VDI was least correlated with the criterion within the total population.



MSQ - Intrinsic

The MIQ was the most highly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic criterion, while the VDI was least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSQ - Extrinsic

The 16PF was the most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion, while the MIQ was not significantly correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSQ - General Satisfaction

The 16PF and the MIQ were most highly correlated with the MSQ - general satisfaction criterion, and the VDI was the least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSS - Promotability

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion, and the VDI was least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSS - Personal Adjustment

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment criterion, while the 16PF and the MIQ were not significantly correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSS - Conformance

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion, and the personal data were least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

MSS - Dependability

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSS - dependability criterion, while the 16PF was not significantly correlated with the criterion within the total population.



MSS - General Satisfactoriness

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSS - general satisfactoriness criterion, while the VDI was least correlated with the criterion within the total population.

An examination of the relative ability of the instruments to predict each criterion in the total population indicates that the MIQ most consistently is the most effective instrument for predicting six of the criteria of vocational student success based upon multiple correlations with each of these criteria (employed related vs other, MSQ - intrinsic, MSS - promotability, MSS - conformance, MSS - dependability, and MSS - general satisfactoriness). The personal data instrument is the most effective predictor of the employed related vs drop criterion, and is tied with the MVII and the 16PF as the most effective predictor of the grad vs drop criterion. The 16PF was the most effective predictor of the MSQ - extrinsic criterion, and was tied with the MIQ as the most effective predictor of the MSQ - general satisfaction criterion. The MVII was the most effective predictor of the MSQ - general satisfaction criterion. The VDI was rather consistently a relatively poor predictor of all of the criteria.

Total Male Population

The relative ability of the instruments to predict a criterion within the total male population is presented in Table 3. The results are discussed separately for each criterion.

Grad vs Drop

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the grad vs drop criterion, while the VDI, personal data, and GATB were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.



Employed Related vs Other

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs other criterion, while the GATB was the least correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

Employed Related vs Drop

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, while the GATB was least correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

MSQ - Intrinsic

The GATB was most highly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic criterion, while all of the other instruments were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

MSQ - Extrinsic

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion, while all of the other instruments except the MVII were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

MSQ - General Satisfaction

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSQ - general satisfaction criterion within the total male population, while all of the other instruments except the GATB were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

MSS - Promotability

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - promotability criterion, while the 16PF, MIQ, and personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.



MSS - Personal Adjustment

The VDI was most highly correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment criterion within the total male population, while all of the other instruments were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

MSS - Conformance

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion within the total male population, while all of the other instruments except the VDI were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

MSS - Dependability

The VDI was most highly correlated with the MSS - dependability criterion, while all of the other instruments were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

MSS - General Satisfactoriness

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - general satisfactoriness criterion; while the 16PF, MIQ, and personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total male population.

An examination of the relative ability of the instruments to predict each criterion within the total male population indicates very little consistency. The GATB was the most effective predictor of the MSS - intrinsic criterion; the MVII was the most effective predictor of the MSQ - general satisfaction, MSS - promotability, MSS - conformance, and MSS - general satisfactoriness criteria. The 16PF was the most effective predictor of the grad vs drop and the MSQ - extrinsic criteria. The MIQ was the most effective predictor of the employed related vs other and the employed related vs drop criteria. The VDI was the most effective predictor of the MSS - personal adjustment and the MSQ - dependability criteria. The personal data were most consistently the poorest predictors of the criteria.



Total Female Population

The relative ability of the instruments to predict a criterion within the total female population is presented in Table 4. The results are discussed separately for each criterion.

Grad vs Drop

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the grad vs drop criterion within the total female population, while the VDI was least correlated with that criterion.

Employed Related vs Other

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs other criterion, while the 16PF was not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total female population.

Employed Related vs Drop

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the employed related vs drop criterion, while the VDI was least correlated with that criterion within the total female population.

MSQ - Intrinsic

The MIQ was most highly correlated with the MSQ - intrinsic criterion the total female population, while the GATB, WHH, and personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

MSQ - Extrinsic

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - extrinsic criterion, while the MVII, MIQ, VDI, and personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total female population.



37 %

MSQ - General Satisfaction

The 16PF was most highly correlated with the MSQ - general satisfaction criterion within the total female population, while the GATB, MVII, MIQ, and personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

MSS - Promotability

The GATB and the MVII were tied for the highest correlation with the MSS - promotability criterion, while all of the other instruments were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total female population.

MSS - Personal Adjustment

None of the instruments were significantly correlated with the MSS - personal adjustment criterion within the total female population.

MSS - Conformance

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - conformance criterion, while all of the other instruments except the personal data were not significantly correlated with that criterion within the total female population.

MSS - Dependability

None of the instruments were significantly correlated with the MSS - dependability criterion within the total female population.

MSS - General Satisfactoriness

The MVII was most highly correlated with the MSS - general satisfactoriness criterion within the total female population, while all of the other instruments except the GATB were not significantly correlated with that criterion.

There was some consistency in terms of which instruments most effectively predicted the various criteria of success within the total female population. The



MIQ was the most effective predictor of the grad vs drop, employed related vs other, employed related vs drop, and MSQ - intrinsic criteria. The 16PF was the most effective predictor of the MSQ - extrinsic and the MSQ - general satisfaction criteria. The MVII was the most effective predictor of the MSS - conformance and the MSS - general satisfactoriness criteria, and was tied with the GATB as the most effective predictor of the MSS - promotability criterion. Again, as with the total male population, the personal data were least effective in predicting the criteria.

Summary

The results of the investigation into which instruments can best predict each of the various criteria of vocational student success tend to indicate that no one instrument is the most effective predictor of all the criteria. 'Table 6 summarizes the instruments that were most highly correlated with a criterion for each of the three total populations.

Three instruments stand out as being most useful in attempting to predict the success of vocational students. These instruments are: The Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory, the Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire, and the Minnesota Importance Questionnaire. These instruments measure factors related to the interests, personality, and needs of an individual. The Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory measures interests; the Sixteen Personality Factor Questionnaire measures dimensions of personality; and the Minnesota Importance Questionnaire measures needs a person would like to have satisfied by a job. These findings strongly imply that the basic factors which are related to the success of a vocational school graduate are those factors related to his personal interests, personality, and needs.



TABLE 6

INSTRUMENT MOST HIGHLY CORRELATED WITH EACH CRITERION FOR THE THREE TOTAL POPULATIONS

ļ.			
CRITERIA	TOTAL POPULATION	TOTAL MALE POPULATION	TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION
Grad vs Drop	Personal Data, MVII, 16PF	16PF	MIQ
Employed Related vs Other	Personal Data	MIQ	міQ
Employed Related vs Drop	Personal Data	MIQ	MIQ
MSQ - Intrinsic Satisfaction	МIQ	GATB	MIQ
MSQ - Extrinsic Satisfaction	16PF	16PF	16PF
MSQ - General Satisfaction	16PF, MIQ	MVII	16PF
MSS - Promotability Competance	MIQ	MVII	GATB, MVII
MSS - Personal Adjustment	MVII	VDI	None Significant
MSS - Conformance	MIQ	MVII	MVII
MSS - Dependability	MIQ	VDI	None Significant
MSS - General Satisfactoriness	MIQ	MVII	MVII



The Most Effective Sub-Set of the Project MINI-SCORE Test Battery Scales for Predicting Vocational Student Success

The third objective of this sub-study was to determine which sub-set of all of the test instrument scales contained in the test battery, and which sub-set of all of the personal data variables, are the most effective predictors of vocational student success. This section of the study should enable persons interested in test development to determine which types of constructs measured by the various instruments contained in the battery were most highly correlated with each of the criteria of success.

The procedure used to analyze the data was step-wise regression, which proceeded to drop out those variables, one at a time, which contributed least to the prediction of the criterion. Variables were successively dropped out until all variables remaining in the equation had beta coefficients which were significant at the .05 level of significance. In other words, one can be 95% confident that each variable remaining in an equation resulting from the step-wise regression procedure made some contribution to that particular equation. This does not say that the variables in the equation would necessarily make the same contribution if they were combined with other variables in a different equation to predict the same criterion. The above procedure was repeated for each criterion of vocational student success using first, the total combination of test instrument scales (not including the MSAT) and second, the personal data variables. The procedure was repeated for each of the three major populations (total population, total male population, total female population). The results are presented in Tables 1C through 6C of Appendix C and are discussed below as a series of generalizations obtained from reviewing the analyses within all three populations.

If one reviews Tables 1C through 6C, it is quite obvious that there is considerable variation between these variables which predict the same criterion in



each of the populations [e.g., those test scales remaining in the equation to predict the grad vs drop criterion for the total population (Table 1C) do not agree well with those that predict the grad vs drop criterion in the total female population (Table 5C) or the total male population (Table 3C)]. This becomes understandable when the results pertaining to the personal data variable "sex" in the total population analyses are reviewed (see Table 2C). Sex is the only variable that was consistently related to the prediction of each of the eleven criteria within the total population. This strongly indicates that the weighting of instrument scales which is most influential in predicting the success of males is different from that most influential in predicting the success of females.

Such a consistent finding implies that counseling aids developed for use with males would probably not be effective if used with females and vice versa. Also, counseling aids developed for the total group would probably not be as effective as those developed for males and females separately. Therefore, Project MINI-SCORE developed separate counseling aids for each sex.

Besides there being little agreement between those variables that predict the same criterion within different populations, there is also little agreement between the variables which predict different success criteria within a population. No one variable or instrument scale is significantly related to all of the criteria within any of the three populations. This finding implies that the instrument scales which are most effective in predicting success defined in one way are different from those that would be effective in predicting success defined in another way.

Although few consistent findings are apparent from reviewing Tables IC through 6C, there appear to be some relative groupings of the criteria which seem to be related to similar types of predictive scales. There appears to be some consistency



in those scales that predict the grad vs drop and the employed related vs drop criteria. This is probably explained by the fact that the drop-outs were included in both of these criteria. The second group of criteria which appear to be related to a somewhat similar pattern of predictive scales are the intrinsic satisfaction and the general satisfaction scales included in the Minnesota Satisfaction Questionnaire. This is also understandable, since the general satisfaction scale includes portions of the intrinsic scale.

The reader can determine which scales are most predictive of a given criterion in a specific population by examining the appropriate table (see Tables 1C - 6C). The zero-order correlations between each scale of each instrument and the criteria can be found in Appendix B.

In addition to examining which scales are effective in predicting a criterion, it is important to examine the size of the relationship between the measures and the criteria. This information is presented at the end of each of the tables in the form of multiple correlation coefficients. The multiple correlations between the total set of test scales (63 variables) and the criteria are presented in Tables 1C, 3C, and 5C for each of the three populations. Also presented are the multiple correlations between those variables remaining in the comparable equations resulting from the step-wise analyses and the criteria.

The extent of the relationships between all of the test scales and the criteria were not impressive. None of the multiple correlation coefficients between the total set of 63 instrument scales and the criteria were above .40 for any of the three populations. Most of the multiple correlations were in the .20's and .30's. After being subjected to step-wise regression, the number of variables remaining in the equations was greatly reduced. Although the number of variables was greatly reduced, in many instances the multiple correlation coefficient was not greatly changed. In other words, many of the 63 variables were not significantly adding to the prediction of the criteria.



An examination of results presented in Tables 2C, 4C, and 6C pertaining to the personal data revealed similar findings except that the ability of the personal data variables to predict the criteria was less than that of the test data. The multiple correlation coefficients between the personal data and the criteria were most often about .10. After being subjected to the step-wise regression procedure, the correlations did not shrink to any large extent.

Summary

There was little agreement in terms of the test scales or in terms of the personal variables included in the Project MINI-SCORE battery that most effectively predicted the different measures of vocational student success. There was also little agreement between populations in terms of those scales that most effectively predicted the same criterion. The findings also indicate that the test instruments and the personal data were not very effective in predicting vocational student success as judged by the magnitude of the multiple correlations. The multiple correlations were quite small.



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APPENDIX A

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE CRITERIA, FOR EACH POPULATION

Grad versus Drop	Table 1A	Page
Employed Related versus Other	2A	• 45
Employed Related versus Drop	3A	. 48
MSQ	4A	. 51
MSS	5A	. 55



TABLE 1A

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS
AND THE CRITERION GRAD VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION
(Significant negative correlations are indicated with
a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

SCALES		relation Significant at	CURRICULUMS _v
1. G-Intelligence 2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude 4. S-Spatial Aptitude 5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination MULTIPLE CORRELATION * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	~ : .US lev	e1	al r r d
1. G-Intelligence 2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude -*	INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Aut Ele Wel Cle Cle Prn Sec Tot
2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude 4. S-Spatial Aptitude 5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination MULTIPLE CORRELATION H-1 Mechanical H-2 Health Service H-3 Office Work H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors MULTIPLE CORRELATION A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Salf-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **		1. G-Intelligence	
GATB 4. S-Spatial Aptitude 5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination MULTIPLE CORRELATION H-1 Mechanical H-2 Health Service H-3 Office Work H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors MULTIPLE CORRELATION ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
GATB 4. S-Spatial Aptitude 5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination MULTIPLE CORRELATION 4. S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S			
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MULTIPLE CORRELATION]	P-Form Perception	
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			* * * * . *
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H-2 Health Service H-3 Office Work H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors MULTIPLE CORRELATION A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control -* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		MULTIPLE CORRELATION	
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H-3 Office Work			* * * • • * • *
### H-4 Electronics ### H-5 Food Service ### H-6 Carpentry #### H-7 Sales-Office #### H-8 Clean Hands ####################################			_* * . *
MVII H-5 Food Service		n 5 office work	
H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors MULTIPLE CORRELATION A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control -* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		H-4 Electronics	· · · · · * · ⁻ *
H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors MULTIPLE CORRELATION A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	MVII		* * . *
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H-8 Clean Hands		H-7 Sales-Office	1
H-9 Outdoors			
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H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -		F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	* .
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I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -* -		U_Timid we Adventument	
L-Trustful vs Suspecting* * -* M-Conventional vs Eccentric** N-Simple vs Sophisticated** O-Confident vs Insecure	16 PF		
M-Conventional vs Eccentric			*
N-Simple vs Sophisticated 0-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control		• ~	
O-Confident vs Insecure Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control			**
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Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf		U-Contident vs Insecure	
Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf	•	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment	1
Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control* *	}		-* *
			*
		*	
			<u> </u>

TABLE 1A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS
AND THE CRITERION GRAD VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION
(Significant negative correlations are indicated with
a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

	rrelation Significant at				CUR					
		Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	rnr	Secr	otal	Male	•
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	 - <	印	<u>'3</u>	<u>ပ</u>	بغ	Ň	_F_	Ξ	
	1. Ability Utilization	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	2. Achievement		•	•	•	•	•	*	•	
	3. Activity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	4. Advancement	.								
	Authority		•	•	•	•	•	~ *	•	
	6. Company Prac. and Pol.		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	7. Compensation I									
	8. Co-workers			•	•				•	
	9. Creativity	.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
į	^ 10. Independence									
	11. Moral Value			•	•			*		_
;	12. Recognition		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	13. Responsibility			•						
	14. Security									
MIQ	15. Social Service	-*	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	
	16. Social Status									
,	17. Supervision (Human									
	Relations)									
	18. Supervision (Technical)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	19. Variety									
	20. Working Conditions	1.		,			٠			
	21. Work Cha'lenge	-*	•	•	•			~*		
	22. Company Image									
	23. Organizational Control									
	24. Feedback	-*	•	•	•	 *		•	4	
	25. Physical Facilities									
	26. Work Relevance	-*						•	٠	
	27. Company Prestige	-*	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	28. Company Goals									
	29. Closure						•			
	30. Compensation II		•	<u>.</u>	•	•	•	•	•	
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	•	•	,	•		•	*	*	
VDI		•	•	•	*	,	•	*	•	
MSAT		•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	

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TABLE 1A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE CRITERION GRAD VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION (Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Corr	elation Significant at	CURRICULUMS										
		Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Total	Male	Femal		
THO XMOLDINI	100		_							_		
	Age Years of Education	1 .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
222000	1	•	•	•		_*		•	•	•		
PERSONAL	No. of Dependents	•	•	•			•			•		
	Married		•	•			•		•	•		
VARIABLES	Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	Prior Post-High Voc. Ed.		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•		
	Prior Related Work Exp.		*	•	•	•	•	•	•	*		
	Prior Unrelated Work Exp.		•	•	•	•	•		•	•		
	Sex							_*				



TABLE 2A

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS

AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS OTHER FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with

a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Cor	otes Correlation Significant at				CUR	RIC	ULU	MS		0
≪ = .05 1€			ei	-,- t	<u>u</u>	<u>L.</u>	نبۇ	뻱	Q)	_
		Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Ľ.	ပ္မ	Tota1	Male	Ě
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	<u> </u>	įΞį	ž	<u> ပ</u>	ρŢ	Š	Ĕ.	Σ̈́	5
1	1. G-Intelligence				_			.1.	.1.	*
	2. V-Verbal Aptitude			•	<u>.</u>	~±	•	*		7
ļ	3. N-Numerical Aptitude		•	•	т. ~	^		.t.	•	,
GATB	J. W. Mamericar Experence		•	•	*	•	*	*	•	7
GAID	4. S-Spatial Aptitude			_			_			_
	5. P-Form Perception		•	•	•	•	•		*	,
	6. Q-Clerical Perception		•	•	•	•	•	-IL	•	,
İ	7. K-Motor Coordination		•	•		•	*	ж ж	•	•
Í –	- K HOLOT COOLUMETON	<u> </u>	•	•	*	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	*	•	
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	•	•	<u> </u>	*	•	•	*	*	*
	H-1 Mechanical				-*			-*	*	-,
	H-2 Health Service				•	•	-*	*	•	پ
	H-3 Office Work						*	*		
							•••	••		
	H-4 Electronics		•	•	•	•	•	-*	•	٠,
MVII	H-5 Food Service		•	•	•	•	•	*	*	
1	H-6 Carpentry		-*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	H-7 Sales-Office							4		
-	H-8 Clean Hands				•		4	•		
ļ	H-9 Outdoors				•		•	-*	•	
]-	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	*	*	•	*	•	•	*	*	*
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing	1.	•	•			•	*		_
j	B-Dull vs Bright	1.			*			*		ų
	C-Emotional vs Mature	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	E-Submissive vs Dominant	1						~ *		
1	F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	1.							*	
	G-Casual vs Conscientious		•	•	•	•	*	*	•	•
	Harimid wa Adventurance	Į								
14 DE	H-Timid vs Adventurous	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
16 PF	I-Tough vs Sensitive	•	•	•	*	•	•	*	•	•
	i-Trustful vs Suspecting		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<u>}</u>	M-Conventional vs Eccentric	•	•							
ì	N-Simple vs Sophisticated	;	٠	•	,				•	
	O-Confident va Insuture	•	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•
) }	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment				_		_			
1	Q2-Dependent vs Se 1-Suf.		•						•	
	Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control	•	•				•		*	
	Q4-Stable vs Tense		•	~*	•				,	•
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	i .		•	•	•	•	*	*	

TABLE 2A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS OTHER FOR EACH POPULATION (Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

INSTRUMENT		1 2	ပ္က	Þ	Ş.	Ä	3-4	g	به	
	SCALES	Auto	Elec	Wel	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Total	Male	
	l. Ability Utilization			*			•	*	*	
	2. Achievement			*				*		
1	3. Activity	•	•	*	•	•	•	*	•	
	4. Advancement									
	5. Authority	.	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	
	6. Company Prac. and Pol.	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	
	7. Compensation I			*		•		~ *		
	8. Co-workers		•	•	•	•	•	*	•	
	9. Creativity		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	10. Independence							 *		~
i	11. Moral Value		•	*	•	•	•	*	- *	
	12. Recognition	•	•	•	•	•	•	~*	*	
MIQ	13. Responsibility									
İ	14. Security		•	•	•	* .	- *	•	•	
	15. Social Service	ļ	•	*	•	•	•	*	*	
	16. Social Status					•	*		*	
į	17. Supervision (Human									
	Relations)	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	
	18. Supervision (Technical)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	
į	19. Variety	*	*		•				*	
Ì	20. Working Conditions		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	21. Work Challenge		•	•	•	*	•	•	•	
	22. Company Image									
	23. Organizational Control		•	•	•	•	• '	*	•	
	24. Feedback	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	~
	25. Physical Facilities					•	•	- *		
	26. Work Relevance	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	
	27. Company Prestige		•	*	•	•	•	*	•	
	28. Company Goals			*	•			•	*	
	29. Closure	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	
<u> </u>	30. Compensation II	<u> </u>		•	•	<u>.</u>	· 	<u>.</u>	•	_
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	•	•	•	•	,	•	*	*	
VDI			<u>.</u>		•	•	•	*	* 	_
MSAT			٠	*	*	•	•	•	•	ł

TABLE 2A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS
AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS OTHER FOR EACH POPULATION
(Significant negative correlations are indicated with
a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Corr <pre></pre>		Auto	Elec	Weld	ler	rnr	ecr	otal	Male	Female
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	A	<u>[22]</u>	_≊	ပ_	<u> </u>	S	<u>.Ě</u>	Σ.	<u> </u>
	Age						-*		*	•
	Years of Education	"					•	•	•	•
PERSONAL	No. of Dependents			•			-*		*	•
	Married	*	•	•		•		*	*	•
VARIABLES	Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.				•	•		•	•	•
	Prior Post-High Vcc. Ed.				•			•	•	•
	Prior Related Work Exp.	, x			•			*		*
	Prior Unrelated Work Exp.							•	*	•
	Sex							-*		



TABLE 3A

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS
AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION
(Significant negative correlations are indicated with
a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Cor	relation Significant at				CUR	RIC	ULU	MS		
<= . 05 le⁴			e 1	74-4	L	L	L.	F-1	o)	31e
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Total	Male	Female
ļ.	1. G-Intelligence		-*		*	*	*	*		*
1	2. V-Verbal Aptitude		•	-*			*	*		*
	N-Numerical Aptitude					*	*	*		*
GATB										
	4. S-Spatial Aptitude		•	*	•	•	*	•	*	*
	P-Form Perception		•	•	•	•	*	*	•	*
•	6. Q-Clerical Perception		•	•	•	*	*	*	•	*
	K-Motor Coordination	1 .	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	1	•	*	•	*	*	*	*	*
	H-1 Mechanical	1.			-*		-*	-*	*	-*
ļ	H-2 Health Service	*	•			*	•	*	•	*
	H-3 Office Work		•	•	*	•	6	*	•	•
	H-4 Electronics	1.	•					-*		- *
MVII	H-5 Food Service		•	•	•	•	*	*	•	*
	H-6 Carpentry	-*	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	•
	H-7 Sales-Office	-*	••*					*	-*	
į	H-8 Clean Hands	.	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•
_	H-9 Outdoors	<u> </u>	*	•	•	•	•	-*	<u>*</u>	•
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	*	•	•	•	•	•	*	*	*
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing						•	*		
	B-Dull vs Bright		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	C-Fmotional vs Mature	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	E-Submissive vs Dominant	-*	~*	,	~*			-*	-*	-*
į	F-Glum vs Enthusiastic				•	•		•	•	•
	G-Casual vs Conscientious	*	*	•	•	•	•	*	*	*
16 PF	H-Timid vs Adventurous									
10 11	I-Tough vs Sensitive		-*			•		*		
	L-Trustful vs Suspecting		•	•	•	•	-*	-*	-*	-*
	M-Conventional vs Eccentric				-*				-*	~*
Ì	N-Simple vs Scphisticated	•	•	•	•	*	•	*	-*	•
	O-Confident vs Insecure	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment	•				•		-*	•	-*
	Q2-Dependent vs Self-Sur.		•	•	•	•	- *	•	•	-*
	Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control	΄ ×	•	•	•	•	٠		•	×
<u> </u>	Q4-Stable vs Tense	· .	•	•	•			*	_:_	•
-	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	· ·	•	•	•	•	•	*	*	*

TABLE 3A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS

AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with

a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Co	rrelation Significant at		·		CUE	RIC	ULU	JMS		03
< = .05 1		Auto	lec	e1d	Cler	rnr	ecr	otal	Male	Female
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Ā	[II]	3	ບ	Δı	S	Ľ	Σ	
	1. Ability Utilization							*	*	*
į	2. Achievement		>					*		*
	3. Activity		•	•	•	•	•	-*	•	•
	4. Advancement							-*		
į	5. Authority		*	•	•	•	•	-*	•	•
[•	6. Company Prac. and Pol.	•	•	*	•	•	•	*	•	•
	7. Compensation I							-*		
1	8. Co-workers		•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•
	9. Creativity		•	•	•	•	•	-*	•	*
	10. Indopendence							-*		
1	11. Moral Values							*	- *	-*
	12. Recognition		•	•	•	•	•	- *	*	*
MIQ	13. Responsibility	١.						-*		
İ	14. Security						-*	•		
	15. Social Service		•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•
	16. Social Status		*					-*		*
	17. Supervision (Human	•								
	Relations)	١.	•	•					•	•
Ì	18. Supervision (Technical)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
ļ	19. Variety									
}	20. Working Conditions			*						
	21. Work Challenge		*	•	•	•	•	- *	•	•
	22. Company Image			*		,		*		
	23. Organizational Control			•				-*		
	24. Feedback		•	•	•	~ *	•	-*	•	•
	25. Physical Facilities							- _*	-*	
	26. Work Relevance		•		٠			•	•	
	27. Company Prestige	•	*	*	•	•	•	*	•	•
	28. Company Goals		*						*	
ţ	29. Closure		•		•	•			•	•
<u></u>	30. Compensation II	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	•	•	•	•	*		*	×	*
VDI		•	•	•	*	•	•	*	*	*
MSAT			•	<u> </u>	•	•	*	*	•	*



TABLE 3A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE CRITERION EMPLOYED RELATED VERSUS DROP FOR EACH POPULATION (Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Cor	relation Significant at			(CUR	RIC	ULU	MS		<i>a</i>)
≪ = .05 leve INSTRUMENT	-	Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Total	Male	Femal
***************************************	1								•	
	Age	*	•	•	•	-*	•	•	*	•
	Years of Education		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
PERSONAL	No. of Dependents	.	•		•	•	•	•	*	•
1 BROOMB	Married			•					*	•
VARIABLES	Prior H. S. Voc. Ed.		•	_*	•	_*			- *	•
	Prior Post-High Voc. Ed.	٠ ا	•	*	•	•	•	•	*	•
	Prior Related Work Exp.	· ·	•	•	•	•	•	*	*	*
	Prior Unrelated Work Exp.		•	•	•	•	•	_*	•	•
	Sex]						_*		



TABLE 4A

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSQ CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes	Correlations Significant		CRITERIA	
at ≪ = .	05 level	<u>MSQ-1</u>	MSQ-2	MSQ-3
INSTRUMEN	TSCALES	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male Female	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male Female	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male
GAT'B	1. G-Intelligence 2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude 4. S-Spatial Aptitude 5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	* * * .	• • • • * • *	* · · · · * * * ·
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	H-1 Mechanical H-2 Health Service H-3 Office Work		· · · · · · * * · ·	
MVII	H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry	-*	-* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors	-*	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-*
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	* *	* * * .	* * * .
16 PF	A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature	* * . *		

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TABLE 4A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSQ CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes C at	orrelations Significant 5 level	CRITERIA	
		MSQ-1 MSQ-2 MSQ-3	le Le
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Auto Elec Weld Cler Secr Total Male Female	Fema 1
	E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious		*
16 PF	H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
10 11	M. Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure	-* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	()-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. G3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control Q4 Stable vs Tense	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION		*
	1. Ability Utilization 2. Achievement 3. Activity	* · · · · * * * * · · · · · * · · · · *	•
MTQ	4. Advancement 5. Authority 6. Company Prac. and Pol.	*********************	•
	7. Compensation I 8. Co-we kers 9. Creativity	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•



TABLE 4A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSQ CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

*Denotes Correlations Significant	CRITERIA
at 4 = .05 level	MSQ-1 MSQ-3
INSTRUMENTSCALES	Auto Elec Weld Cler Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female
10. Independence 11. Moral Value 12. Recognition	
13. Responsibility 14. Security 15. Social Service	
16. Social Status 17. Supervision (Human Relations) 18. Supervision (Technical)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
19. Variety 20. Working Conditions 21. Work Challenge	
22. Company Image 23. Organizational Control 24. Feedback	
25. Physical Facilities 26. Work Relevance 27. Company Prestige	
28. Company Goals 29. Closure 30. Compensation II	

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TABLE 4A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSQ CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

	Correlation Significant		CRITERIA	
ater .	05 level	MSQ-1	MSQ-2	MSQ-3
INSTRUMEN	T SCALES	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male Female	Auto Elec Weld Cier Prnr Secr Total Male Female
-	MULTIPLE CORRELATION		*	
VDI		* * . *		* * . *
MSAT			* * . *	* . *
PERSONAL VARIABLES	Age Years of Education No. of Dependents Married Prior H.S. Voc. Ed. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed. Prior Related Work Exp. Prior Unrelated Work Exp. Sex	-* · · · · * · * · * · · · · · · · · · ·		-* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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TABLE SA

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSS CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION (Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asteriak.)

	tea Correlations Signifi- at % = . 05 level	<u> </u>												_				CF	(IT	ERI	A																
Cauc	204 - 167 TEVET			<u>MSS</u>	-1						<u>M</u> S	<u>ş-2</u>						<u>M</u> S	S-	<u>3</u>					Ľ	S6 :	-4					1	MSS	<u>-5</u>			
_instr	ument scales	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prnr	Secr	iorai Kale	Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Secr	Total	Male Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Cler	Secr	Total	Male	נבומודע	Auto	Weld	Cler	Prnr	Secr.	Male	Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prar	Secr	7	Female
GATB	1. G-Intelligence 2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude 4. S-Spatial Aptitude	* *	:	• *	•	* :	* * * • * *	* * *	* • * •	:	:	 	:	* * * .	* •	*	•	:	:		* * * .	*	*	:	• •	•	:	• ;	 k . k .		* *	•	· *	:	* • • •	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * *
GAID	5. P-Form Perception 6. Q-Clerical Perception 7. K-Motor Coordination		:	· •	•	• :	* *	* *	•	:	:	• •	*	* *	• •	:	:	: :	*		* *		*	:-	 *: •	:	:	• :	, . * •	•	<u>:</u>		• *	· ·	*	* *	* *
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION		•	. *	•	* :	* *	*	•	•	•	• •	*	*		*	•	•	•		*	•	\cdot	•		•	•	• ;	* •		•	•	• *	5	•	* %	*
	H-1 Mechanical H-2 Health Service H-3 Office Work H-4 Electronica	*	:	· ~ *	· -	* :	k k .	*	* •	:	*		*	* * *	• •	*	• •		*	A	-* · *		* . *	*	* · * ·	:	:-	* :	• •	-*	*	•	*	· ·	·- *	*	* * •
MVTL	H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Handa H-9 Outdoors		*	·	 -*	* 1		*	*	-* ·		• •		·- · ·	* •			:			*	* • •		**	• •	-* ·	:			•	 -*	***	k .	•	*	• -	•
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	•	•		•	* 1	* *	*	٠	*	•		•	*		•	•	•	•	. *	*	*	*	•		•	•	* :	k •	1	•	•	•	•	*	* *	*
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional va Mature E-Submisaive vs Dominant	-*	· ·		•	:-,	· · ·	•	*	•	•	4	•	· ·		*		· ·	:		-*	•	† • •	:		•	:	•	• •	•	-* *	· •	• •	:	:	***	-*
16 PF	F-Glum va Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientioua H-Timid vs Adventuroua I-Tough va Senaitive	-+ -+	:	* •	•	*:	 	•	-*	:	: -	 * .	•	•		1 1	-	-	•			•		· *		-* ·	:	* :	• ** * • • •		-* -*	•	 * . 	•	*	 * .	•



TABLE 5A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSS CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(5ignificant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asteriak.)

	tes Correlations Signifi-																Cl	RII	ER	IA													_		-	
cant	at q = . 05 level		ŀ	ISS:	<u>-1</u>						MSS	S-2	_				M	SS-	<u>-3</u>						MSS	5-4						MS	<u>5–5</u>	<u>.</u>		Í
inste	rument scales _	Auto	Elec Lo14	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Male	Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prar	Secr	Total	Male Female	Elec	Weld	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Total Male	Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Price	Secr	Total	Male Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prat	Secr	Totel	Male
6 PF	L-Truatful vs Suspecting M-Conventional vs Eccent. N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure			•	•		•		•	•			•	:			•	•	•	•			•	•			:	•		.	:	•		•	:	•
	Q1-Conservative vs Exper. Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Cont. Q4-Stable vs Tense	:		•	:	* •	• •	•	·	•	•	· ·	:	•	· ·	• •	•	:	:	• - ,	* ·	٠		:	•	• •	*	•	• *	:	:	:	• •	* *		
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION 1. Ability Utilization 2. Achievement 3. Activity 4. Advancement	.			* * •	• ;	* * * *	•	•	:	•	• •	:	:	* :	• •	:	:	:	•	• *		•	<u>-</u> -	•		:	· :		.	:		· ·			
MIQ	5. Authority 6. Company Prac. and Pol. 7. Compensation I 8. Co-workers	.	· · ·	-	•	• - ;		•		:	• • • •	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*	• •	 * ·	•	*	:	:	• •			•	•		•	•	· - #		:	•	* • •		-* ·	•
Ī	9. Creativity 10. Independence 11. Moral Value 12. Recognition	1.			•	•-,	*-*	•		•		• •	•	*		 * ·	:	:	•	. –, •	* •	•	•	:	•	• •	:	*	*		:	:	• •	•	• * *	*
1	13. Responsibility 14. Security 15. Social Service 16. Social Status	1		-	_		-	- 1	- <u>.</u>	•			•	 :	***		•	:	:	:	• •	٠		:	:		•	•	*-;	1	•	:-			•	•



TABLE 5A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSS CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the saterisk.)

	otes Correlations Signi-					CRITERIA		
fic	aut at 9 = .05 level	MSS	<u>S-1</u>	MSS-2		MSS-3	MSS-4	MSS-5
Inst	RUMENT SCALES	Auto Elec Weld	Cier Prnr Secr Total Male	Auto Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr	Total Male Female	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Male	Auto Elec Weld Cler Prnr Secr Total Wale
	17. Supervision (Human Relations) 18. Supervision (Tech- nical)						*	
міф	19. Variety 20. Working Conditions 21. Work Challenge 22. Company Image 23. Organizational Con-		· * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	· -* ·		- ** .	
	trol 24. Feedback						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , ,
ļ	25. Physical Facilities 26. Work Relevance 27. Company Prestige 28. Company Goals	***	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-*	·*	: : :	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *]
	29. Closure 30. Compensation II				* • •		· · · · · · · -*	*
	MULTIPLE CORRELATION	* * * *				* • • • • * • •	* • • • • * • •	* · · * · · * · ·
VDI		*		*	* * •	*	* • • • • • * * •	* · · · · · * * ·
MSAT		<u> </u>	* * * * *	* *	* • *	* · · · · * * · ·	*	* • • • • * * • *



TABLE 5A (Continued)

SIGNIFICANT ZERO-ORDER AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE MSS CRITERIA FOR EACH POPULATION

(Significant negative correlations are indicated with a minus sign [-] preceding the asterisk.)

	es Correlations Signifi-	L																CR	ITE	RI	A										_						
cant	at 4 =.05 level			MSS	<u>-1</u>						MSS	S- <u>2</u>	<u>.</u>					ĬŲ:	<u> </u>	<u>3</u>				}		MSS	<u>5–4</u>					M	ßS-	<u>-5</u>			
INSTRUM	ent scales	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prnr	Secr	Total	Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prnr	Secr	Total	Male Female	Anto	Elec Stec	Weld	Cler	rrnr	Secr Total	Male	Female	Auto	Elec	Cler	Prnr	Secr	Teror	mare Female	Auto	Elec	Weld	Prar	Secr	Total	Male
	Age	<u>.</u>			*		* ;	k •	Ι.	•						Τ		•	<u> </u>			•	•		•					* ·	Ţ,						*
PER-	Years of Education	١.							١.							1															[.						•
CONAL	No. of Dependents	١.							١.			1	k.		*	1							-*	١.							╽.						
	Married	Ι.							١.							1								١.							Ι.			. ,			
ARI-	Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	1.	*						١.	_*						1	:	ŧ.	•					١.	-*		, "#				1.	_*		. ,			
BLES	Prior Post-High Voc. Ed.	j.							۱.							1								١.							Į,			. ,			
	Prior Related Work Exp.	١.		*					ļ,							1								١.							1.						
	Prior Unrelated Work Exp.	١.							1.					-*	,	. [٠.	*	;	ŧ •	~*	١.							١.						, -
	Sex	Į					-×)					-*	•	1						t		•					-*		1					-*	

ERIC

APPENDIX B

ZERO-ORDER CORRELATIONS AND MULTIPLE CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENTS AND THE CRITERIA, FOR EACH POPULATION

PRIMARILY MALE CURRICULA								
Automotive	Tab	le						Page
Automotive	, 1	D.	•	•	•	•	٠	. 00
Power and Home Electricity	. 2	В.	•	•	•	•	•	. 67
Welding	. 3	В.						. 74
						,		
PRIMARILY FEMALE CURRICULA								
Clerical Training	. 4	В.	•	•		•	•	. 81
Practical Nursing	. 5	В.				•	•	. 88
Secretarial Training	. 6	В.					•	. 95
TOTAL CURRICULA	. 7	В.						102
TOTAL MALE CURRICULA	. 8	В.						109
TOTAL FEMALE CURRICULA	. 9	В.						116
			•	•	•	•	•	



TABLE 1B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

1			(Values q	f r Signi	ficant a	tey = .()5 and G	coup Siz	e, N)		
	r> .074	r>.139	r>100		r >,.192		!		r> .19	2	
	N= 770	N= 202	ม≠ 405		N= 103				N= 10	3	
GATB SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		<u> </u>
1. G-Intelligence	.014	.050	.026	.092	.101	.116	.261*	.234*	.313*	.133	.303
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	007	085	054	.098	.119	.119	.185	.117	.295*	.148	. 221
3. X-Numerical Aptitude	.014	.065	.063	.020	.006	.020	.140	.202 *	.191	.173	.199
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	.002	.071	.041	.087	.050	.093	.244*	.085	189	007	.191
5. P-Form Perception	009	078	.004	.310*	.198*	.287 *	`.099	054	.006	065	.022
6. Q-Clerical Perception	028	043	.013	.188	.110	.167	.020	066	048	072	033
7. K-Notor Coordination	.007	~.100	043	013	004	018	.050	.118	074	010	.032
. R*	.050	.222	.136	.391	.308	.389	. 294	.330	.386	.277	.329
MULTIPLE CORRELATION :,F=	.272	1.430	1.066	2.453*	1.426	2.415*	1.286	1.653	2.369*	1.130	1.645
F - Value Significant at ツェ .05	2.02	2.05	2.03				2.10				

TASLE 18 (Continued)

CORRELATIONS SETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

	r > .074		Values of)5 and G	roup Siz			
	r > .0/4		r > .105		r> .192		<u> </u>		r> .19	<u> </u>	
	หิ≃ 770	N= 202	N≠ *36 6		N= 103				N= 103		
NVII SCALE	GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	EMP REL VS	•	SCALES TISFACTI				SCALES SFACTOR		
III BORSS	DROPS _	OTHERS	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
1. H-1 Mechanical	.077*	.168*	.045	.086	.083	.112	.238*	. 248*	.283*	. 247*	,295*
2. H-2 Health Service	089*	.013	·. 132*	043	038	057	012	062	→. 062	004	043
3. H-3 Office Work	069	.025	018	076	039	072	028	226*	138	170	- .140
4. H-4 Electronics	.019	026	076	047	.116	.094	.090	.147	.122	.190	.145
5. H-5 Food Service	046	132	.084	216*	244*	-, 243*	042	.055	015	.015	013
6. H-6 Carpentry	.044	.016	669*	.001	.004	.009	046	034	068	010	050
7. H-7 Sales-Office	095*	158*	623*	245*	185	271*	152	182	164	229*	202*
8. H-8 Clean Hands	.017	.035	057	020	010	031	035	180	→.059	112	101
9. H→9 Out. ors	.079*	.103	002	.111	.124	.130	.148	.252*	.090	.149	.188
	_										
·R=	.143	.317	.200*	.357	.329	.391	.321	.335	.329	.306	.340
MULTIPLE CORRELATION P=	1.756	2.377*	1.643*	1.509	1.254	1.757	1.187	1.308	1.254	1.069	1.347
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	1.89	1.92	1.90				1.97		<u>' </u>		



CORRELATIONS 8ETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

	074ر ۲ ۶	r> .139			\$ignifi r> .192		~√= .05	and Gro	up Size, r>.192	<u>(</u> N	
	ห⇒ 770	% ⇒ 202	N= 405		N≃ 103				ุง⇒ 103		
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	EMP REL		SCALES TISFACTI				SCALES SFACTORI		
	DROPS	OTHERS_	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	07 5×	.048~	023	.046	.010	.028	206*	251*	173	116	231*
2. 8-Dull vs Bright	015	.022	.009	.075	028	.026	.163	.164	.238*	.074	.195*
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.003	079	.048	033	.073	.013	.065	008	.012	.048	.035
4. E-Submissive vs Domi- nant	090*	041	166*	.010	.015	,015	066	.040	061	009	041
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	053	.058	002	023	121	076	187	140	096	155	174
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.062	:078	.136*	.021	111	028	2 05*	214*	219*	20 8*	249*
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	078*	.029	046	140	147	163	263*	061	183	036	205*
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	.003	. 029	.009	060	.713	.012	167	221*	033	144	171
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	.008	024	055	014	069	037	.155	،189	.028	.182	164
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	.000	080	064	 058	097	065	.023	062	~.082	118	049
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	.009	083	042	199*	051	156	038	.052	049	.174	.011
12. 0-Confident vs Inse-	006	110	058	027	.001	007	.011	.082	017	036	.016
13. Ql-Conservative vs . Experimenting	048	.032	040	.067	013	.048	.044	041	.046	.043	.025
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	021	.051	016	.147	.016	.099	 044	.060	.032	008	.004
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	.007	.239*	.107*	.008	142	065	013	042	.068	.031	.014
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	.005	.159*	~.041	070	007	064	021	131	094	128	092
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.152	.315	.232	.348	.297	.298	.450	.479	.436	.479	.481
F-Value Sig at/ = .05.	1.115	1.275 1.69	1.373 1.67	.740	.520	.524	1.368	1.597 7 5	1.262	1.599	1.620
1 14102 026 4051 4 103.	1.00	1.07	1.07		3	v	1.	/ J			

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TABLE 1B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

	r>.074	r> .139	(V; r>.100	lues of	r Signif	icant a	t ⇔⁄ = .0	5 and Gr	oup Size	, N)	·
(Page 1 of .2)	<u> </u>		!		<u> </u>		 				
MIQ SCALES	N= 770 GRADS VS DROPS	N= 202 EMP REL VS OTHERS	N= 405 EXP REL VS DROPS	•	N= 10 SCALES ATISFACTI 2		1		N= 10 SCALES SFACTORI		s
	DROFS	OTHERS	DROFS	-						`	
1. Ability Utilization	029	,018 [^]	.007	.024	034	.000	097	175	.008	-,099	115
2. Achievement	039	031	028	.194*	014	.107	-,092	-,113	.036	-,112	081
3. Activity	073	∹. 010	064	.197*	-,015	.115	136	-,227*	-,039	-,298*	-,185
4. Advancement	006	.048	.024	.077	113	.007	- ,038	-,026	,118	-,003	,005
5. Lathority	041	.137	.020	.030	015	.009	115	.036	041	-,070	-,069
6. Company Policy and Practice	026	.011	.033	.184	.068	.157	.117	-,019	,207*	.148	,128
7. Compensation I	.016	- .040	023	,210*	030	.119	,000	.026	,126	011	.036
8. Co-workers	044	.031	018	.172	-,070	.076	.091	.035	.190	,0116	,108
9. Creativity	046	.061	018	.054	000	.039	051	045	043	-,061	-,058
10. Independence	- 050	.013	028	.021	-,046	-,004	-,142	057	-,167	094	-,143
11. Moral Values	033	.014	030	.138	.006	.095	,113	.041	,2/17*	.154	.155
12. Recognition	005	032	.033	.149	.040	.109	071	-,088	.080	-, 118	055
13. Responsibility	056	.065	014	.062	.007	.049	-, 306*	-,227*	-,178	-,300*	-,303*
14. Security	.010	.025	.038	,151	079	.073	.081	.093	,102	.095	,105
15. Social Service	122*	.080	056	.181	.036	.125	098	216*	022	107	129
16. Social Status	086*	.097	030	,168	-,015	.088	132	174	-,163	264*	198*
17. Supervisor-Human Re- lations	006	.036	.038	.063	,û08	.052	.026	005	.138	.089	.063

-continued-



TARLE 1B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)		r > .139 N⇒ 202	es of r	Signific r>197 N= 10	<u>:</u>							
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	N= 770 N= 202 N= 405 GRADS EMP REL EMP REL VS VS VS DROPS OTHERS DROPS				HEQ SCALES OF SATISFACTION			I:SS SCALES OF SATISFACTORINESS 1 2 3 6 5				
18. Supervisor-Technical	030	024	.014	.209*	.091	.186	024	109	.090	000	 016	
19. Variety	044.	022	047	.166	036	.095	048	108	009	226*	087	
20. Working Conditions	.004	.044	.059	.091	040	.048	126	076	010	117	104	
21. Work Challenge	→. 094*	.072	021	.049	034	.011	183	153	244*	181	228*	
22. Company Image	007	043	.015	.050	.073	. 074	.065	025	.046	.025	.036	
23. Organization Control	.012	.013	.011	.047	.101	.098	014	.050	032	054	008	
24. Fecd Back	079*	 026	082	.153	.051	.137	.115	072	.066	027	059	
25. Physical Facilities	 003	.043	.044	.082	015	.043	149	.007	193*	040	131	
26. Nork Relevance	098*	.057	052	.079	037	.036	115	139	035	185	131	
27. Company Prestige	097*	.090	038	.103	-, 076	.030	254*	275*	128	276*	- .2 78*	
28. Company Goals	 084 *	056	071	.059	00l	.049	026	150	.085	043	037	
29. Closure	066	→. 050	047	033	131	072	127	0 <i>5</i> 8	095	110	 119	
30. Compensation IX	.018	.070	.036	.097	008	.067	156	→.0 ⁴ 16	078	+44.	130	
R=	.205	.391	.255	.561	.414	.475	.631	.610	.650	.705	.676	
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.444	.368	.870	1.104	495	.698	1.591*	1.421	1 .7 55*	2.375*	2.016*	
F - Value Significant at CY = .05	1.48	1.52	1.49	1.57								

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TABLE 1B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

POPULATION	GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	vs		SCALES ATISFACT		MSS SCALES OF SATISFACTORINESS				
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
****	r >.074 N = 770	r >.138 N = 202						. 192 103			
VDI R =	.014	.003	.040	134	.030	057	.288*	.299*	.420*	.333*	. 384*
MSAT	r >.084 N = 577	r >.149 N = 172					r > N =	. 210 86			_
R =	068	.044	065	078	037	048	.187	.188	.245*	. 199	. 239*

^{*}Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r >___.)

TABLE 1B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- AUTOMOTIVE POPULATION

	(Values of r Significant store .0 r > .088 r > .138 r > .113 r > .195							75 and Group Size, N) でき、195					
	N= 770	N= 770 N= 202 N= 405 N= 103				N= 103							
Personal Variables	GRADS VS DROPS	OTHERS	EMP REI, VS DROTS	MSQ SCALAS OF SATISPACTION 1 2 3			į.		MOS SCALES (1) FATERPACTORES (1) 2				
1. Age	.020	.188*	.120*	206*	148	207*	048	.018	.042	018	027		
2. Years of Education	.037	.033	.034	- 029	~.058	012	.098	.114	.007	621	.07%		
3. No. of Dependents	037	.135	.031	183	036	142	005	087	014	119	051		
4. Married	046	-141*	.053	186	064	163	.094	.070	.057	.018	.085		
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	018	•039	035	.107	.128	.126	.108	062	018	042	.020		
6. Prior Post-High Voc, Ed	.024	.061	.043	.023	~.050	017	048	043	130	141	~.090		
7. Prior Related Work Exp.	045	.147*	.000	054	.003	032	027	084	084	078	057		
8. Prior Unrelated Work Ex	0.~.051	018	047	204*	~. 05€	160	.085	.095	.095	.030	.090		
,													

TABLE 2B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

1			(Values o	f r Signi	ficant :	it'' = .	05 and 0	roup Si	ze, N)			
	r>.122	r>.196	r>.163		r > .227		1		2 3 4 400541621 281940231 13 .056103 .0 860641711 48 .0721380 51 .017247*1			
	N= 263	N= 99	N= 143		N⇒ 73				N ⇒ 73	T > .227 N= 73 SCALES OF FACTORINESS 3 4 05416213 056103 .00 06417118 .07213808 .017247*13 03908113		
GATB SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	enp rel VS Drops		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1	HSS SCALES OF SATISFACTORINESS 2 3 4 04005416211 .02819402313 .013 .056103 .00 18606417118 148 .07213808 151 .017247*12			5	
1. G-Intelligence	141	087	180 ^k	- .0 87	.044	047	129	040	054	162	117	
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	126 %	047	160	006	.133	•067	185	.028	194	023	134	
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	109	056	142	.015	.050	.024	.025	.013	.056	103	.008	
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	046	.036	030	083	015	070	178	186	064	171	187	
5. P. Form Perception	073	053	031	.182	044	.113	~. 092					
5. Q-Clerical Perception	165 *	118	146	.149	.078	.129	071	151	.017	247*	121	
7. K-Motor Coordination	003	014	.014	.190	.131	.172	117	169	039	081	122	
				,	٠.				_			
R=	.204	.231	.237	.299	.245	.266	.317	.335	.272	.323	.309	
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.577	.733	1.148	.911	.595	.706	1.040	1.177	.741	1.079	.981	
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	2.04	2.10	2.07		٠		2.13)		•		

TABLE 2B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

			Values of	_)5 and Gi	coup Size		,	
	r > .122	r>.196	r > .163	_	r> .227	· ·		•	r> .227		_
_	№ 263	N= 99	N= 143	_	N= 73				ท= 73		
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	Vs		SCALES TISPACTI	ON			SCALES SFACTORI	NESS	_
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS_	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
1. H-1 Mechanical	.142*	093	.150	.012	.030	.000	.011	.102	.068	.246*	.104
2. H-2 Health Service	030	.088	017	.085	.012	.081	059	137	137	232*	156
3. H-3 Office Work	103	108	130	.009	.010	.012	.171	.156	061	109	.086
4. H-4 Electronics	.039	.149	.069	.199	.152	.175	.154	.027	.287*	. 229*	.206
5. H-5 Food Service	027	180	074	.021	122	030	310*	352*	221	220	356*
6. H-6 Carpentry	.070	243.*	.056	.058	.107	.068	.031	.161	082	.084	.060
7. H-7 Sales-Office	240*	025	259*	.033	.107	.076	044	224	045	164	134
8. H-8 Clean Hands	.027	049	014	.020	.049	.027	.129	.149	.074	018	.119
9. li-9 Outdoors	.197*	.088	.219*	091	026	095	.137	.117	.142	.120	.163
					•						
R=	.319	.467	.334	.387	.360	.379	.441	.478	.409	.374	.471
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	3.182*	2.758*	1.853	1.236	1.041	1.173	1.686	2.073*	1.404	1.136	1.998
F - Value Significant	1.91	1.97	1.94				!	2.01			



TABLE 2B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

	r > .122	r>.196	(Val		Signifir> .227	cant at	at of and Group Size. N) r>.227					
	N= 263		N= 143	 	N= 73	-			N= 73		_	
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	NSQ	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5	
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	106	.034	063	.093	.109	.080	.076	096	140	109	.024	
2. B-Dull vs Bright	012	.055	.044	098	.006	076	052	042	101	078	073	
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.024	149	003	148	171	156	.039	043	040	.059	.001	
4. E-Submissive vs Domi-	124*	193	~.183*	.119	.144	.150	343*	178	221	152	 300*	
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	.041	134	.043	037	039	068	098	048	.217	123	018	
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entions	.145*	~.047	.198*	.025	.005	.001	.059	040	.227*	.010	.085	
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	.064	190	.073	.177	.296*	.215	.082	.050	.103	069	.067	
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	208	.129	252*	.065	.070	.068	020	038	152	063	083	
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	~.041	025	069	036	.009	016	.106	129	.045	.005	.018	
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	023	.053	002	.247*	.240*	.269*	061	032	.027	.065	023	
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	013	.106	003	072	02 6	063	012	.077	.075	.015	.037	
12. 0-Confident vs Inse-	027	127	065	.066	.061	.096	.103	.0 80	.075	.104	.113	
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	015	.029	.007	.086	.168	.110	.058	.198	.085	082	021	
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	.017	.179	.036	058	.113	.018	.140	058	167	.136	104	
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	.097	.002	.143	023	.037	017	.037	184	032	051	054	
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	027	.134	013	.223	.186	.234*	.018	013	.047	018	.012	
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.303	.437	.376	.452	.544	.508	.460	.472	.493	.338	.422	
F≕	1.556	1.208	1.293	.90 0	1.470	1.216	.939	1.003	1.126	.451	.758	
F-Value Sig ato/ = .05	1.68	1.75	1.71		'		1.78	3 -		· · · · ·		

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TABLE 2B (Continued) CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER A'D HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

(mage 1 a 5 2)	r > .122	r>,196	(V: r> .163	lues of	r Signif r>.227	icant a	E ~ = . 0	5 and Gr	oup Size		
(Page 1 of 2)	N= 263	N= 99	N= 143		N= 73				N= 7	73 '	
MIQ SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		Q SCALES ATISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. Ability Utilization	.084	. 000	.103	,141	.115	.144	.030	-,140	032	072	055
2. Achievement	079	.092	. 067	.012	015	. 003	.071	-,101	116	052	-,047
3. Activity	.104	.067	. 097	.186	.122	.160	.075	.059	036	.068	.050
4. Advancement	.009	.027	.120	.030	043	.006	005	.901	-, 069	.036	018
5. Authority	. 099	.147	.167.*	.0?5	-,074	.011	020	062	.094	-,108	022
6. Company Policy and Practice	.089	038	.148	-,022	076	-, 044	.021	-,136	-,027	-,062	-,058
7. Compensation I	.011	016	.008	-,008	022	003	.010	,0l4t	030	020	.006
8. Co-workers	.026	.066	.048	.077	.046	.085	.281*	.047	.080	.128	.178
9. Creativity	. 081	.136	.112	-,123	-,068	-,099	108	-,051	064	.013	-,081
10. Independence	.051	.119 ;	.069	-,118	129	143	-,030	,080	.026	.095	.037
11. Moral Values	.030	.099	.055	.059	.009	.050	.058	151	093	191	-,083
12. Recognition	021	.095	.023	107	187	132	.013	.091	099	043	-,008
13. Responsibility	.072	.127	.116	034	044	037	 111	097	.054	080	-, 080
14. Security	039	.070	.000	-•0110	-,076	-,056	-,028	014	116	087	-,069
15. Social Service	.029	.144	.068	.058	019	.033	-,065	084	-,071	000	078
16. Social Status	.090	.017	.163*	054	107	076	077	044	023	-,083	069
17. Supervisor-Ruman Re- lations	-012	.052	.088	100	097	-,110	.033	137	-,097	-,102	-,078



TABLE 2B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	r> .122		r> .163		Signific r> .227	cont at s	イ= .05 II	and Grov	r> .227	· ·	
			N= 143		N= 73		<u> </u>			3	
	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL	12	SCALES		1		SCALES		•
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	vs	٧s	VS		ATISFACT		1		SFACTOR		
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	11	2	3	1	2	3		<u> </u>
18. Supervisor-Technical	.066	.030	.111	.127	020	.083	.052	.054	.043	.119	.066
19. Variety	071	.198*	.123	132	104	128	095	094	069	097	112
20. Working Conditions	002	.081	001	067	107	067	193	109	-, 141	160	195
21. Work Challenge	.106	.160	.203*	-,041	.060	006	037	.064	021	.0/16	.003
22. Company Image	.019	.072	.070	097	090	100	-,118	.021	172	120	-,121
23. Organization Control	.065	.105	.048	,030	028	.054	034	.081	.023	.103	.034
24. Feed Back	.031	.069	.067	.011	056	013	046	005	128	.014	059
25. Physical Facilities	.023	.064	.075	.079	•024	.074	105	030	.018	.023	050
26. Work Relevance	.109	.160	.159	-,011	061	024	.097	.078	009	.067	.067
27. Company Prestige	.168*	.151	.221*	.085	.075	.065	.048	.055	016	.031	.035
28. Company Goals	- 106	.012	.187,*	.145	.134	.150	053	080	087	039	082
29. Closure	.064	.103	.149	.056	033	.034	045	119	065	067	093
30. Compensation II	088	.039	107	.015	105	.036	.035	.092	.024	-,052	.040
'Ŗ=	″ , 3 3 0	. 433	.478	.690	.578	.655	.696	.622	.559	.651	.642
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F =	.947	.525	1.108	1.271	.702	1.051	1.312	.885	.636	1,030	. 934
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	1.51	1.57	1.54		<u>L</u>	1	1.	62			

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TABLE 2B (Continued) CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

POPULATION	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES ATISFACT: 2		1		S SCALES ISFACTOR 3		5
VDI R	r >.122 N = 263 096	l	r >.163 N = 143	.059	.100	. 085		.227 73 159	.033	033	~.060
MSAT	r >.138 N = 200	r >. 217 N = 80	r >.175 N = 124					. 242 64			
R	023	058	025	.070	.134	.122	070	.039	080	037	~.054

(Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)



CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - POWER AND HOME ELECTRICITY POPULATION

•						•					
•	r> .138	r > .200	Values of $\pi > .174$	r Sign	r> .23		05 and 9 	roup Siz	:0, N) :rァ .23	2	
	N= 263	ห= 99	N= 143		N= 73	3	2		N= 7	3	
Personal Variables	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REI. VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	ľ	O SCALES ATISPACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTOR 3		_
1. Age	.046	103	.109	185	084	181	.185	.142	.028	.159	.163
2. Years of Education	·042	.041	070	.034	029	.019_	053	062	.008	120	068
3. No. of Dependents	.040	104	.093	035	039	052	.041	.104	036	.329	.059
4. Married	.048	039	.097	.029	040	020	.015	.026	.021	.057	.028
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	.090	~.041	.093	031	.058	.055	280*	382*	300 *	258*	375*
6. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed	.002	098	029	.042	.1.66	.071	116	020	097	.017	079
7. Prior Related Work Exp.	.150*	066	.156	.179	.079	.136	096	085	057	099	103
8. Prior Unrelated Work Exp	·071	.057	002	011	.013	017	007	179	006	.009	059
	,				<u> </u>						

TABLE 3B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS

- WELDING POPULATION

			(Values o	f r Sign	ificant	ater = .	05 and (Group Si	ze, N)	,	
	r>.110	r>.195	r> .176		r > .301				r>.30	1	
	ห≠ 325	N= 99	N= 122	•	N= 41				N≈ 41		
GATB SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		Q SCALES ATISFACT 2		.1		S SCALES ISFACTOR: 3		5
1. G-Intelligence	020	038	005	097	.047	076	.209	.110	.096	011	.134
2. Y-Veroal Aptitude	096	114	204*	.056	043	016	.057	.157	.191	.348*	.179
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.007	029	.011	179	022	143	.231	.124	.138	019	.143
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	.072	.159	. 228 *	217	109	212	+.049	130	175	283	120
5. P-Form Perception	.032	.115	.07ú	066	069	092	-:090	168	185	1/2	167
6. Q-Clerical Perception	.064	.018	.113	244	224	281	075	024	103	106	089
7. K-Motor Coordination	.013	125	063	056	.066	012	.014	.142	003	.178	.03
R =	.173	.286	.393	.377	.383	.395	.380	.371	.417	.522	.402
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.399	1.161	2.975*	.783	.810	.869	.793	.753	.990	1.763	.907
F - Value Significant	2.04	2.10	2.08				2.25	•		-	

TABLE 3B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- WELDING POPULATION

	r > .110	r> .196	Values of	r Signi	lficant :		05 and G	roup Siz	e, N) r> .30		_
.4	N= 325	N= 99	N= 122		N= 41				N= 41		
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	1 '	SCALES ATISFACT: 2		. 1		SCALES SFACTOR 1 3	5	
1. H-1 Mechanical	035	.016	.031	124	099	1.56	.260	.313*.	.186	.169	. 284
2. H-2 Health Service	060	.014	117	.070	.215	.176	072	.031	.084	.110	.010
3. H-3 Office Work	.045	005	.032	059	.002	009	250	244	097	183	242
4. H-4 Electronics	092	079	117	159	.043	093	052	.189	.093	035	.054
5. H-5 Food Service	003	.003	056	105	206	164	260	290	283	237	308*
6. H-6 Carpentry	022	.048	.068	.007	085	035.	.330	053	.162	.063	.181
7. H-? Sales-Office	.017	050	065	034	.004	006	÷.287	176	- 060	113	208
8. H-8 Clean Hands	.016	.184	.061	125	017-	077	090	022	022	052	062
9. H-9 Outdoors	.061	004	.132	.209	.083	.168	.195	.049	.246	.117	.187
					<u> </u>				,		-
. R=	.232	.258	.286	.457	.440	.466	. 539	. 591	.553	.475	.557
HULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.995*	.681	1.110	.911	.828	.953	1.410	1.844	1.515	1.004	1.545
F - Value Significant at Y = .05	1.91	1.97	1.95			<u> </u>	2.12	.591 .553 .475			·





TABLE 3B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- WELDING POPULATION

1		- !	l (Vai	lues of r	Signifi	cant at	< < <u>-</u> .05	and Gro	un Size.	N)	
	r > .110	r> .196			r> .301		1		r> .30		
	N= 325	N= 99	N= 122		N= 41	:			`N= 41	·	,
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	003	.016	009	307*	128	284	013	168	161	069	108
2. B-Dull vs Bright	064	.027	057	.103	089	.040	080_	012	~.076	049	066
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	009	021	004	046	.034	015	135	.118	098	.031	042
4. E-Submissive vs Domi- nant	017	.103	.055	.153	.084	.153	290	372*	469*	415*	424*
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	072	.178	027	.040	098	029	221	096	220	235	235
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	108	.082	117	057	.174	.136	.398*	.290	.444*	.130	.385*
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	.020	.036	.042	.035	.019	.021	.095	058	127	089	037
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	051	014	069	161	154	184	.032	193	.033	083	043
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	.026	.008	046	.029	243	078	051	166	061	046	097
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	055	.040	019	.026	099	032	219	298	.004	070	186
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	.003	.045	.016	.185	.361*	.270	.250	.200	.038	.152	.192
12. O-Confident vs Inse- cure	020	075	127	049	391*	234	058	.043	.088	 052	005
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	.011	007	010	.064	.073	.052	079	305*	325*	296	260
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	~.016	006	016	02]	182	081	029	035	167	122	066
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	124*	.078	036	.210	.101	.186	.243	.259	.015	.135	.193
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	.063	208*	089	.075	027	.029	107	152	.045	.017	079
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.224	.354	.234	.504	.618	.517	.702	.692	.788	.658	.716
	1.018	.734	.381	.510	.926	.547	1.461	1.377	2.453*	1.144	1.579
F-Value Sig ato = .05	1.68	1.75	1.72	,			1.90)			

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CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - WELDING POPULATION

TABLE 3B (Continued)

	1		(V	alues Of	r Signii	icant a	t e/= .(05 and Gr	oup Size	e. N)	
(Page 1 of 2)	r>.110	r> .196			r> .301		N		r> .30:		:
trage 1 of 2)	N= 325	N= 99	N= 122		N= 41				N= 41		
270	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL		SCALES				SCALES		
MIQ SCALES	VS	VS	VS	38	TISFACT!		_		SFACTOR:		_
<u></u>	DROPS	OTHERS	DRO2'S	1	2	3	1	2 .	3	4	5
1. Ability Utilization	-, 005	.269*	.125	.247	.075	.191	.189	030	.178	.052	.124
2. Achievement	.003	.227*	151	. 244	.032	.171	.165	.134	.157	.092	.150
3. Activity	.005	.218*	.148	.153	032	.058	034	082	036	.021	047
4. Advancement	016	.160	.121	.048	102	025	.061	.100	.161	.078	.100
5. Authority	056	.177	.056	.308*	.166	.262	.167	.216	. 151	.071	.168
6. Company Policy and Practice	.029	.270*	.182*	.245	.006	.167	092	.103	.074	.102	.019
7. Compensation I	004	.249*	.172	.225	.185	.215	.160	.141	.205	.128	.180
8. Co-workers	045	.128	.014	.394*	.235	.374*	.168	.218	.256	.159	.213
9. Creativity	094	.127	003	.289	.004.	.209	.126	.094	.170	.004	.117
10. Independence	~.100	.074	037	.125	. 209	.176	028	022	.116	018	.006
11. Moral Values	033	.301*	.133	.237	032	.139	039	126	047	.029	061
12. Recognition	058	.188	.062	.245	.034	.181	.016	.077	.130	008	.047
13. Responsibility	√.106	.043	082	030	212	135	168	130	035	038	- 129
14. Security	024	.167	.099	.030	010	.004	050	009	.050	090	035
15. Social Service	034	.232*	.075	.161	.050	.119	057	048	006	.018	038
16. Social Status	023	-131	.017	.200	. 220	.243	.124	.238	.255	.041	.173
17. Supervisor-Human Re- Lations	040	.248*	.106	.186	.055	.135	.076	.138	, 156	- 201	.134



TABLE 3B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- WELDING POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	r>.110 N= 325	r > .196 N= 99			Signific r> .30 N= 41		√= . 05	and Grou	r> Size.		
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACT		1		S SCALES SFACTOR 3		5
18. Supervisor-Technical	063	.192	.071	.034	.067	.005	037	120	036	048	067
19. Variety	026	009	024	.276	.289	.304*	.275	.233	.219	.209	.272
20. Working Conditions	.023	.160	.184*	.418*	.163	.334*	.069	.205	.257	.211	.177
21. Work Challenge	.045	077	.104	.271	.122	.240	.001	.048	• .180	.042	.054
22. Company Image	.077	.160	.187*	.375*	.234	.342*	011	.074	.212	.208	.106
23. Organization Control	096	.029	.037	.222	.113	.213	.053	061	.183	011	.047
24. Feed Back	072	.030	057	.230	.224	.254	068	089	100	076	028
25. Physical Facilities	007	.050	.046	.424*	.192	.373*	.010	002	168	053	.025
26. Work Relevance	025	.224*	.118	.278	.173	.284	165	252	122	142	206
27. Company Prestige	.037	.242*	.197*	.392*	.284	.382*	.101	006	.016	063	.022
28. Company Goals	028	.247*	.130	.324*	.106	.248	.017	117	031	.026	037
29. Closure	005	.251*	.175	.011	002	000	061	139	079	163	110
30. Compensation II	.023	.183	.193*	.237	.180	.216	.226	.130	.263	085	.196
R=	275	.605	.530	.836	.931	.879	.928	.859	.877	.852	~.884
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	.799	1.308	1.188	.773	2.168*	1.132	2.052*	.935	1.264	.879	1.194
F - Value Significant at⇔ = .05	1.50	1.57	1.55				1.74				

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TABLE 3B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - WELDING POPULATION

POPULATION	1	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS OTHERS		SCALES ATISFACT: 2		1		S SCALES ISFACTOR: 3		5 _
VDI		1	r >.196 N = 99	r >.177 N = 122				r >, N =				
	R =	.008	, 191	.163	.038	168	069	028	016	212	.108	047
MSAT		Ł	r >.224 N = 75	r >.206 N = 89				r > N =				
	R =	034	161	- ,164	.091	.191	.093	. 238	. 254	.304	.402*	. 319

^{*}Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)

TABLE 3B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- WELDING POPULATION

	7 > 112	200 ج	Values of	_	ificant a		05 and G	roup Siz	(c, N) ₹7 .30		
	\\= 325	<u> </u>			N= 41					11	
Personal Variables	CRADS VS DROPS	ENE RAL VS OTHURS:	eig rel Vs drops	i i	SCALUS ATISFACTI 2		1		S SCALES STACTOR 3		5
_1. Age	.042	120	.121	117	.063	059	022	.050	191	.014	0±0
2. Years of Education	000	.048	.018	048	209	115	121	.141	.063	.103	033
3. No. of Dependents	.025	087	008	118	320*	231	112	.011	114	-,135	102
4. Married	.010	092	008	019	205	126	071	070	138	126	110
5. Prior H.S. Woc. Ed.	111	050	~.206*	.035	102	017	.097	.022	.282	019	.112
6. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed	.104	.110	. 244*	048	.163	.034	101	074	005	-,006	079
7. Prior Related Work Exp.	023	.085	.121	.108	.110	.137	.391*	.235	.095	.006	.265
8. Prior Unrelated Work Ex	006	.113	.036	124	127	163	001	.105	060	030	003
				<u> </u>				_			

TABLE 48

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

		•	(Values o	f r Signi	ficant a	tey = .(05 and Gr	coup Siz	e, N)		
1	r > .077	r >.098	r>.090		r> .115	ı			r> .11	5	
	N= 703	N= 422	N= 483		N= 292	1			N≈ 292		ı
GATB SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. G-Intelligence	.099*	.095	.114*	.050	.004	.039	.173*	030	.076	.024	.099
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	.046	.141*	.083	.018	.003	.016	.202*	.062	.105	.094	.158
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.053	.133*	.071	. 037	.050	.042	.160*	038	.101	.024	.097
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	.068	027	058	.033	017	.018	.041	029	026	057	007
5. P-Form Terception	.016	.034	.024	.048	.036	.044	.095	.034	.052	077	.055
6. Q-Clerical Perception	006	.055	022	.090	.060	.080	. 209*	.056	.151*	.010	.159
7. K-Motor Coordination	.049	.123*	.075	006	.011	.003	.097	.045	.044	033	.064
	<u></u>							•	-		
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.128	.199	.149	.103	.089	.086	.269	.134	.186	.152	.214
F=	1.638	2.449*	1.540	.431	.324	.299	3.173*	.743	1.453	.933	1.950
F - Value Significant	2.02	2.03	2.03				.20	94			





TABLE 4B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

	r > .077		(Values of		ficant a	t≪' = .(.05 and Group Size, N) r> .115						
	N= 703	N= 422	N= 483	<u> </u>	N= 292				N= 292				
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5		
l. H-1 Mechanical *	~.072	152*	110*	073	.016	043	118*	024	145%	078	115*		
2. R-2 Health Service	044	017	083	.05\$	034	.021	.011	003	017	. 020	.000		
3. H-3 Office Work	.077*	.084	.136*	.011	034	002	.092	.048	.139*	.021	.100		
4. H-4 Electronics	042	083	069	050	.032	009	164*	018	145	078	~.133 [*]		
5. H-5 Food Service	.057	049	.041	.113	.030	.084	.001	070	064	.003	~.038		
6. H-6 Carpentry	.013	.053	.039	051	046	074	034	~.079	085	118*	7.082		
7. H-7 Sales-Office	033	.044	042	.023	.031	.030	.071	.088	.096	.076	.097		
8. H-8, Clean Hands	.046	.046	.055	.061	.028	.052	037	032	.050	031	016		
9. H-9 Outdoors	011	~.056	017	105	089	111	092	023	088	096	090		
						:			!				
'. R=	.116	.216	.170	.174	.151	.162	.206	.146	.232	.187	.210		
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.047	2.239*	1.556	.979	.731	.842	1.391	.687	1.774	1.135	1.461		
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	1.89	1.91	1.90				1.92						



TABLE 4B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

	r > .077	r>.098	(Val	lues of r	Signifi		イョ・05 L	and Gro	up Size, r> .115		
	N= 703	N= 422	N= 483	} 	N= 292				N= 292		
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	HSQ	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1_		SCALES SFACTORI 3	0F	5
1. A-Aloof Vs Outgoing	027	016	023	.001	047	012	098	050	014	052	072
2. E-Dull vs Bright	.009	.152*	.029	.090	.047	:086	.066	.056	.076	.059	.080
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.648	069	.048	006	049	021	.062	048	.052	001	.027
4. E-Submissive vs Domi-	099*	015	138*	023	048	042	021 [.]	.079	072	.063	.004
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	075	088	087	.046	.050	.045	003	008	.045	066	904
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.071	.002	.082	.052	.103	.080	069	135*	041	133*	103
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	029	008	042	.032	.054	.044	028	.016	010	003	011
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	.001	.130*	.017	.018	.036	037	.013	.031	.109	.075	.059
9. L-Trustful Vs Sus- pecting	034	033	076	067	005	049	.062	.038	.039	.076	.061
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	095*	.048	101*	001	.006	005	.068	.107	.099	.055	.100
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	050	.046	028	059	112	097	002	.021	053	020	014
12. O-Confident Vs Inse- cure	021	.073	.008	.072	.094	.076	054	018.	065	024	054
13. Q1-Conservative Vs Experimenting	009	.003	618	148*	051	116*	055	005	.023	029	026
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	061	049	055	.008	.033	.002	033	026	000	.052	015
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	.062	.040	.068	.087	.148*	.127*	.054	.003	.037	.030	.042
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	035	002	045	028	006	~.040	009	.064	.041	.043	.034
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.181	.238	.217	.240	.258	.252	.216	.217	.231	.244	.229
F-Value Sig at/ = .05	1.454	1.516	1.439	1.051	1.224	1.166	.844	.846 69	.965	1.084	.948





TABLE 4B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

(0	r > .077	r>.098	(Var > .089	• -	r Signif r> .115	icant a	.ov= .0	5 and Gr	oup Size	•	
(Page 1 of 2)	N= 703	N= 422	N= 483		N= 292	_ :			N= 292		
NIQ SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	MATERIEL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5_
1. Ability Etilization	.012	042	.016	.039	.027	.035	072	078	-,060	-,078	-,086
2. Achievement	.053	.016	.051	.083	.051	.071	033	-,032	037	057	047
3. Activity	.011	.062	.026	.066	.057	.067	,006	.025	.000	.018	.011
4. Advancement	007	.043	.018	.069	.050	.064	.050	-,012	.070	-,052	.032
5. Authority	010	096	.001	040	.008	028	099	-,131*	029	106	-,110
6. Company Policy and Practice	.039	020	.026	.051	.038	.052	.010	-,061	010	-,048	023
7. Compensation I	.009	020	018	.093	.029	.060	.171*	,122*	.135*	,026	.155*
8. Co-workers	.065	.033	.052	.027	043	002	.121*	.048	.082	.037	.097
9. Creativity	003	060	-,052	-,011	.047	.006	096	048	060	043	086
10. Independence	029	015	030	059	-,C15	053	156*	,028	072	. 004	084
11. Moral Values	.042	.050	.039	.119*	005	.081	.023	.030	.005	016	, 017
12. Recognition	.026	010	.015	.038	015	.005	.079	.024	.123*	017	.071
13. Responsibility	031	090	062	064	.017	044	143*	093	106	149*	151
14. Security	008	.011	.005	.069	.079	.083	.004	-,053	008	053	024
l5. Social Service	.038	.059	.041	.070	,122*	.099	054	-,622	-,044	.010	040
16. Social Status	.004	026	033	.057	.030	.048	-,006	042	.051	-,025	007
17, Supervisor-Human Re- lations	.047	015	.033	,021	.002	.018	.034	.004	.022	.૦૩૧	,026



TABLE 4B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)			r> .089	es of r	.115 ×							
h 	%= 703		N= 483		N= 292				N= 292			
	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL		Q SCALES		1		SCALES			
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	VS	VS	VS	. S	ATISFACTI	LON	Ι,		SFACTOR	_	c	
<u>-</u>	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	<u> </u>	2	- 3	1	2	3	- 4	<u> 5</u>	
18. Supervisor-Technical	.044	.007	.056	.034	. 046	.043	,015	047	027	080	032	
19. Variety	.005	.008	.008	071	-,050	064	-,031	045	.017	059	033	
20. Working Conditions	001	. 014	021	.001	103	039	.025	010	043	040	011	
21. Work Challenge	.011	001	.024	.010	.047	.023	072	070	086	-,112	097	
22. Company Image	.066	.023	.076	.017	. 022	.021	014	100	059	132*	074	
23. Orga Lization Control	.018	086	.025	-,017	009	-,022	079	043	039	-,092	077	
24. Feed Back	020	025	031	.070	.050	.055	050	.049	.048	036	003	
25. Physical Facilities	.038	015	.042	-,029	-,042	045	061	116*	079	064	099	
26. Nork Relevance	037	041	078	010	.004	-,017	035	.012	039	-,050	035	
27. Company Prestige	037	049	064	.097	.134*	.118*	-,060	076	073	099	-,088	
28. Company Goals	.022	023	.004	015	016	022	-,038	→• 0₁Ю	050	097	059	
29. Closure	008	.007	020	.048	.060	.053	101	060	044	135	102	
30. Compensation II	001	.029	.001	,096	.064	.085	.031	•042	.078	.033	•042	
₹=	.191	.253	.270	.323	.338	.332	.415	.377	.359	.368	.396	
MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.849	.890	j	1.014	1.124	1.076	1.814*	1.443	1.284	1.366	1.619*	
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	1.48	1.49	1.49		<u> </u>	1.	.51			<u> </u>		

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TABLE 4B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

POPULATION	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS OTHERS		SCALES ATISFACT: 2		1		S SCALES ISFACTOR 3		5
VDI		r >.098 N = 422						.115 292			
R =	.083*	.006	.095*	.151*	.066	.143*	.024	019	.021	023	.009
			r >.102 N = 385					.129 238			
R =	040	.117*	040	.125	.098	.128	.185*	.031	.079	.015	.120

*Denotes Correlations Significant at a = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)

TABLE 4D (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- CLERICAL TRAINING POPULATION

r > .088	r> .113	Values of r > .113	r Sign			OS and C	roup Six		58	
ห⇒ 703	X= 422	ม= 483		ห⇒ 29	2	-	-	N= 29	2	
GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTPERS	EMP REU VS DROPS		*		ž				
051	022	035	020	006	017	009	060	.043	.025	003
034	.103	033	.029	.044	.036	099	.043	.012	.038	020
.048	010	.071	007	004	011	011	022.	.013	.050	.001
024	.023	.004	005	.028	.006	.018	.015	.054	.048	.038
028	.009	064	.001	005	006	015	.082	.012	-017	.024
~.009	084	051	.001	036	024	018	074	045	079	053
021	.035	001	125	075	118	.059	.030	.050	.043	.059
067	013	.073	.094	.098	.110	.032	.028	023	, 004	.017
	N= 703 GRADS VS DROPS 051 034 .048 024 028 009	T > .088 T > .113 N= 703 N= 422 GRADS EMP REL VS VS DROPS OTPERS 051022 034 .103 .048010 024 .023 028 .009 009084 021 .035	r > .088 r > .113 r > .113 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 GRADS EMP REU VS VS VS DROTS NS DROTS 051 022 035 034 .103 033 .048 010 .071 024 .023 .004 028 .009 064 009 084 051 021 .035 001	r > .088 r > .113 r > .113 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 GRADS EMP REL VS VS VS NSO VS VS VS S. D307S OTPTRS DROTS 1 051 022 035 020 034 .103 033 .029 048 010 .071 007 024 .023 .004 005 028 .009 064 .001 009 084 051 .001 021 .035 001 125	r > .088 r > .113 r > .113 r > .13 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 29 GRADS EMP REL, SMP REL, VS SATISFACT NSQ SCALES VS VS VS SATISFACT 1 2 051 022 035 020 006 *034 .103 033 .029 .044 .048 010 .071 007 004 *024 .023 .004 005 .028 *028 .009 064 .001 005 *009 084 051 .001 036 021 .035 001 125 075	r > .088 r > .113 r > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 GRADS EMP REL VS VS VS VS SATISVACTION 1 N= 202 SATISVACTION 1 2 3 051 022 035 020 006 017 *034 .103 033 .029 .044 .036 .048 010 .071 007 004 011 *024 .023 .004 005 .028 .006 *028 .009 064 .001 005 006 *009 084 051 .001 036 024 021 .035 001 125 075 118	r > .088 r > .113 r > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 GRADS EMP REL VS NSQ SCALES OF SATISFACTION NSQ SCALES OF SATISFACTION N= N= <td>r > .088 r > .113 r > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 GTADS EMP REL, EMP REL, VS MSQ SCALES OF SATISMACTION SATISMACTION NSS SATISMACTION DBOPS 1 2 3 3 2 051 022 035 020 006 017 009 060 '034 .103 033 .029 .044 .036 099 .043 .048 010 .071 007 004 011 011 022 024 .023 .004 005 .028 .006 .018 .015 028 .009 064 .001 005 006 015 .082 009 084 051 .001 036 024 018 074 021 .035 001 125 075 118 .059 .030</td> <td>N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 N= 29 GRADS VS VS VS DROPS EMP REL VS SATISFACTION 1 NSQ SCALES OF SAT</td> <td>T > .088 T > .113 T > .138 T > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 N= 292 GRADS VS VS VS VS DROPS NSQ SCALES OF SATISFACTION 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 2 NSS SCALES SATISFACTION 1 3 2 2 2 2 051 022 035 020 006 017 009 060 .043 .025 '034 .103 033 .029 .044 .036 099 .043 .012 .038 .048 010 .071 007 004 011 011 022 .013 .050 024 .023 .004 005 .028 .006 .018 .015 .054 .048 028 .009 064 .001 005 006 015 .082 .012 .017 009 084 051 .001 036 024 018 074 045 079 021 .035 001 125 075 118 .059 .030 .050 .043</td>	r > .088 r > .113 r > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 GTADS EMP REL, EMP REL, VS MSQ SCALES OF SATISMACTION SATISMACTION NSS SATISMACTION DBOPS 1 2 3 3 2 051 022 035 020 006 017 009 060 '034 .103 033 .029 .044 .036 099 .043 .048 010 .071 007 004 011 011 022 024 .023 .004 005 .028 .006 .018 .015 028 .009 064 .001 005 006 015 .082 009 084 051 .001 036 024 018 074 021 .035 001 125 075 118 .059 .030	N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 N= 29 GRADS VS VS VS DROPS EMP REL VS SATISFACTION 1 NSQ SCALES OF SAT	T > .088 T > .113 T > .138 T > .138 N= 703 N= 422 N= 483 N= 292 N= 292 GRADS VS VS VS VS DROPS NSQ SCALES OF SATISFACTION 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 2 NSS SCALES SATISFACTION 1 3 2 2 2 2 051 022 035 020 006 017 009 060 .043 .025 '034 .103 033 .029 .044 .036 099 .043 .012 .038 .048 010 .071 007 004 011 011 022 .013 .050 024 .023 .004 005 .028 .006 .018 .015 .054 .048 028 .009 064 .001 005 006 015 .082 .012 .017 009 084 051 .001 036 024 018 074 045 079 021 .035 001 125 075 118 .059 .030 .050 .043

TABLE 5B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

		_	(Values o	f r Signi	ificant a	(t'-Y' = .(05 and G	roup Siz	e, N)		
	r>.086	r> .105	r>.105		r >112		<u> </u>		r> .11	2	
,	N= 541	N= 356 →	N= 366	*	N= 309	_			N≃ 309		i
CATB SCALE	CRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		_ 1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. C-Incelligence	.152*	.013	.177 *	~.017	036	021	.011	.058	.015	.089	.03 8
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	.080	115*	.083	058	059	057	037	066	045	.027	042
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.117*	.073	.139 *	^026	026	020	.061	.078	.045	.620	.0/2
4. S-Spatial Aptatude	.074	.016	.084	.040	008	.021	016	.044	050	.044	001
5. P-Form Perception	.078	.001	.101	.037	009	.023	048	.054	093	.02 5	029
6. Q-Clerical Perception	.097*	~.062	.118 *	053	087	079	034	022	016	028	028
7. K-Motor Coordination	.039	049	.044	042	045	053	002	.030	.025	017	.014
R=	.170	.195	.205	.117	.113	،127	.114	.168	.172	.129	.132
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	2.269*	1.974	2.249 *	. 594	.554	.705	.567	1.254	1.315	.731	.768
F - Value Significant at 5 = .05	2.03	2.05	2.03				2.04				

TABLE 5B (Continued) .

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

	r > .086		(Values of r > .105		ficant a	t∝'= .(05 and Gr	oup Size	e, N) r> .113	2	
	N≠ 541	ห⇒ 356	N= 357		ท= ว09				N= 309		
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. E-1 Mechanical	.023	.074	.031	.009	.052	.040	.041	055	.004	010	.003
2. H-2 Health Service	.087*	.038	.141*	.006	001	.006	.070	000	.026	.039	.043
3. H-3 Office Work	.020	013	014	. 030	.028	.024	050	.058	015	.068	001
4. H-4 Electronics	058	.059	071	۸10.	.043	.043	144*	091	113*	105	13f
5. H-5 Food Service	.079	.029	.020	027	.030	010	047	027	020	012	037
6. R-6 Carpentry	075	.037	039	008	081	043	.011	012	.027	041	.004
7. H-7 Sales-Office	- 008	023	051	.015	.000	.009	023	098	.016	092	043
8. H-8 Clean Hand's	034	.014	053	038	-,007	032	114*	070	095	085	107
9. H-9 Outdoors	022	046	.032	.039	005	.029	.075	.007	.051	- Q26	.052
								34.			
R=	.165	.149	.176	.080	.140	.104	.228	₂ 205	.160	.212	.206
Multiple correlation F=	1.664	.873	1.238	.213	.665	.364	1.818	1.460	.875	1.570	1.478
F - Value Significant at S = .05	1.90	1.91	1.91			1	1,91				

TABLE 5B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

	r > .086	r> .105	(Val	lues of r	Signifir> .112	Cant at	イ= .05	and Gro	p Size,		
	N= 541		N≖ ·366		N= 309		-		N= 309		
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	II -	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	047	.041	D43	.000	025	017	.004	029	013	046	017
2. B-Dull vs Bright	.051	.051	.053	121*	040	090	001	026	.041	010	.003
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.006	007	₹,004-	051	.005	033	041	012	042	021	036
4. E-Submissive vs Domi-	041	016	041	028	123*	073	071	128*	082	082	100
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	005	.047	005	.050	.081	.064	018	044	043	023	034
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	027	004	026	085	098	113*	.040	.056	. 020	.014	.040
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	034	018	043	051	019	039	025	074	.007	030	033
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	-,030	075	052	013	.036	.002	025	065	018	.005	033
9. L-Trustful Vs Sus- pecting	011	010	.007	046	182*	107	.045	.05\$.028	.018	.043
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	038	.018	054	.023	035	003	056	035	062	007	050
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	.082	.035	.112 *	.025	028	.012	005	022	.031	038	004
12. 0-Confident vs Inse- cure	035	034	068	067	057	066	.013	.020	.013	.021	.016
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	059	.018	085	009	039	018	.031	034	.039	.022	.021
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	045	020	059	.039	.059	.065	.021	048	052	.025	016
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	.015	.007	.009	.059	.153*	.111	015	.002	018	.015	007
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	.012	013	.018	060	093	071	.015	009	.033	009	.015
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.166	.146	.217	.236	.331	.285	.128	.185	.168	.114	.144
F-Value Sig at = .05	.927	1.66	1.081	1.037	2.170*	1.553	.292	.621	.509	.232	.371
	1.00						1.4	- 	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

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TABLE 5B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

(5 4 6 0)	r>.086	r>.105	(Va *>.105	lues of	r Signii r> .112	icant a	ະ ợ= .0	5 and Gr	oup Size		
(Page 1 of 2)	N= 541		n= 366		N=309	-			N⇒ 309		
MIQ SCALES	GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	EMP REL		SCALES				SCALES SFACTORI		1
	DROPS_	OTHERS	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4 .	
1. Ability Utilization	.038	.073	070	.059	.053	.075	.148*	.069	.065	.062	.103
2. Achievement	028	026	019	.079	.082	.094	.133*	.074	.038	.062	.091
3. Activity	.017	.059	.034	.006	.051	.026	.091	.054	.036	.024	.067
4. Advancement	064	. 052	082	.013	.032	.009	.054	.074	.050	.058	.066
5. Authority	026	.057	Ö28	.046	.075	.058	.035	.039	.013	010	.027
6. Company Policy and Practice	053	015	079	007	027	017	.017	.038	004	001	014
7, Compensation I	.005	.023	.004	.015	.025	.016	.004	060	027	042	029
8. Co-workers	.017	014	.020	.014	017	.008	.09'≯	.102	.077	.051	.094
9. Creativity	061	.001	~.063	.067	.027	.053	009	.016	028	010	009
10. Independence	015	010	-4009	042	.037	023	.025	.062	038	.008	.020
11. Moral Values	004	048	.009	.081	.034	.067	.011	015	024	046	012
12. Recognition	036	011	041	005	.051	.026	.061	.109	.078	.057	.085
13. Responsibility	.007	.042	4 030	.006	.053	.022	002	026	 018	06?	021
14. Security	.055	.108**	.089	000	.003	.004	.036	.012	.094	029	.039
15. Social Service	.038	030	.080	.071	.095	.097	.052	.041	.051	.010	.047
16. Social Status	.044	.053	.060	.045	.109	.074	.005	.063	.014	.014	.024
17. Supervisor-Human Re- lations	001	069	021	.069	.037	.067	.046	.044	.039	018	.039



TABLE 5B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	r>.086	r> .105	(Valu	es of r	Signific r> .112	ant at <	≺= .05 N	and Grou	p Size, r> .112	-	
_	N= 541		N= 366		N= 309					309	
<u> </u>	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL	MSC	SCALES	OF		រទេទ	SCALES	OF	
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	vs	vs	vs	S/	TISFACTI	ON	[SATI	SFACTOR	INESS	•
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
18. Supervisor-Technical	061	025	083	.080	.068	.088 /	.079	.064	.087	.003	.075
19. Variety	017	.008	015	.073	.095	.094	.126*	.113*	.100	.075	.124*
20. Working Conditions	048	.080	055	.106	. 043	.104	.150*	.117*	.121*	.055	.137*
21. Work Challenge	006	.124*	007	.029	. 098	.055	.055	.127*	.085	.061	.092
22. Company Image	026	.049	032	.097	,116*	.121*	013	006	012	063	023
23. Organization Control	045	.011	052	.041	. 050	.048	-•015	-,022	037	041	030
24. Feed Back	097*	038	121*	•01/4	.051	.056	.032	.054	.032	.002	.035
25. Physical Facilities	008	.041	015	.049	.136*	.099	.073	.019	.045	.007	.048
26. Nork Relevance	.014	.020	.019	•030	.061	•050	.110	•101	.084	.0714	.109
27. Company Prestige	.025	.081	.046	.028	. 062	.045	.169*	.102	•113*	.100	.144*
28. Company Goals	076	.074	09ଟ	.075	.102	.098	.007	.014	.026	050	.006
29. Closure	057	.104	060	•006	.113*	.052	022	•024	027	062	023
30. Compensation II	.037	.061	.058	.010	.053	.027	.05€	024	.056	016	•030
R=	.281	.328	.378	.279	.268	.286	.337	.353	•319	•323	.343
F=	1.457	1.304	1.857*	.779	.716	.826	1.186	1.321	1.052	1.077	1.237
F - Value Significant at分 = .05	1.49	*1.50 _,	1.49				1.49				





TABLE 5B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

POPULATION	GRADS VS	EMP REL	vs		SCALES ATISFACT				S SCALES ISFACTOR		
	DROPS	OTHERS	OTHERS	1	2	3	1_1_	2	3	4	5
VDŢ	r >.086 N = 541	r >.106 N = 356						.112 309			
R≖	065	.^55	066	038	004	024	.063	058	.038	049	.014
MSAT	r >.102 N = 386	r >.122 N = 266						.130 234			
R ≠	.033	.03	.059	.030	046	.011	036	100	100	080	081

(Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ___.)

TABLE 5B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- PRACTICAL NURSING POPULATION

		880. < ت	r> .113			ficart :		.05 and Group Size, N)					
		 -	X= 356			%= 309				% = 309			
	Personal Variables	GRADS VS EROTS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	emp rel VS Drops		SCALES TISTACT		1.		SCALES SFACTORI 3		r.	
1.	Age	083	041	120*	.060	.138*	.102	.136*	052	.107	.037	.081	
2.	Years of Education	'- -111 *	.000	103	027	017	019	065	005	011	027	036	
3.	No. of Dependents	010	.025	.003	.016	.022	.025	022	143#	096	063	086	
4.	Married	024	034	051	.059	.046	.059	.067	057	.032	.021	.025	
5.	Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	086	.058	146*	.002	045	026	093	088	074	121*	100	
6.	Prior Post-High Voc. Ed	.013	045	.027	.015	.009	.025	.025	042	.025	025	.001	
7.	Prior Related Work Exp	.015	.006	.006	 055	019	050	.023	073	.027	084	014	
8.	Prior Unrelated Work Ex) 048	.047	049	003	.069	.021	083	067	114*	023_	086	
									ı				

TABLE 6B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

			(Values o	f r Signi	ficant a	t'³Y' = .()5 and Gr	oup Siz	e, N)		
	r> .070	r> .035	£80. < r		r > ,096				r>.096		
	N=_848	N= 564	N= 589		N= 437				N= 437		
GATB SCALE	GRADS ' VS DROFS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	emp rel VS Drops		SCALES TISF/CTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. G-Intelligence	.131*	.043	.188*	.011	.054	.032	.129*	.073	.082	.035	.105*
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	.097*	030	.118*	.013	.082	.049	.087	.082	.047	.027	.076
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.094*	.036*	.167*	097 *	.129*	.122*	.153*	.091	.085	.062	.128*
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	.077*	.028	.110*	037	038	044	.075	.074	.071	.060	.083
5. P-Form Perception	.069	.056	.129*	.112*	.043	.096*	.021	.102*	.179*	.077	.072
6. Q-Clerical Perception	.074*	.068	.128*	.093	.107*	.120*	.077	.105*	.115*	.067	.109*
1. X-Motor Coordination	018	006	023	.038	.031	.044	.054	.092	.044	.069	.073
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.147	.121	.222	.171	.176	.187	.179	.179	.139	.135	.173
F=	2.652*	1.188	4.291*	1.855	1.964	2.218*	2.036*	2.028*	1.206	1.142	1.842
F - Value Significant at ヴェ .05	2.02	2.03	2.03	2.03							

TABLE 6B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

	r > .070		(Values of r > .083		ficant n r>.096	t ○< = .()5 and G	roup Size	z, N) r> .09	6	
	N= 848	N= 564	ห ≐ 5 89		N= 437	_			N⇒ 437		
MVII SCALE	GRAUS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. H-1 Mechanical	-,054	027	087*	110*	138*	139*	037	025	012	042	032
2. H-2 Health Service	.007	100×	023	034	103*	052	121*	073	⊶.131 *	612	122
3. H-3 Office Work	007	.096*	.020	.021	.126*	.064	.169*	.105*	.090	.1378	.1524
4. H-4 Electronics	.002	010	.005	004	.001	004	040	052	032	 10♂	055
5. H-5 Food Service	.038*	024	. 084*	095	124*	·115*	108*	080	~.09 7 *	094	1144
6. H-6' Carpentry	.007	.049	002	014	071	051	.043	.001	.066	.020	.041
7. H-7 Sales-Office	041	.008	062	000	037	012	058	044	021	037	050
8. 11-8 Clean Hands	-,037	.098*	017	.001	.086	.034	.070	.071	.057	.069	.079
9. H-9 Outdoors	012	.003	002	016	027	026	087	035	080	0/5	081
	•										
R=	.123	.160	. 150	.196	.232	.223	.218	.145	.197	.195	. 213
F=	1.425	1.619	1.486	1.901*	2.710*	2.475*	2.359*	1.020	1.91 9 *	1.9294	2.263*
F - Value Significant at Y = .05	1.89	1.90	1.90	T (187 PR				1.90			



TABLE 6B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

	r > .070	r> .085	(Vn) r > . 083		Signifi r>,096	cant at	t = .05 and Group Size, N) r> .096					
	N= 848 GRADS	N= 564 EMP REL	N= 589 EMP REL		N= 437 SCALES	02	:	325	N= 437			
16 pf scales	VS DROPS	VS OTHERS	VS DROPS		TISPACT1		1		SFACTOR1:		5	
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	001	.005	009	.071	041	.031	071	089	058	053	084	
2. B-Dull vs Bright	.048	.025	.056	.050	.095	.072	.015	.049	.017	026	.021	
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.008	005	.004	032	.012	009	.079	.027	.092	.029	.073	
4. E-Submissive Vs Dominant	040	004	049	011	.010	003	.016	.015	.073	800.	.034	
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	021	.023	020	.052	.043	.060	.012	.003	.074	.029	•035	
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.019	.092*	.038	.119*	.092	, 123*	.122*	.096	.129*	.119*	.140*	
7. R-Timid vs Adventurous	052	002	063	.055	.088	.078	.012	006	.063	.027	.027	
S. I-Tough vs sensitive	.026	.026	. 045	.114*	.084	.112*	015	034	.008	.001	016	
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	071 *	.040	086*	004	020`	007	013	.005	010	009	007	
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	018	.056	016	037	085	060	.046	.058	.051	.035	.054	
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	,002	.007	.004	003	.006	002	036	017	086	036	074	
12. O-Confident vs Inse- cure	.037	044	.036	008	034	016	050	069	045	003	057	
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	044	.031	054	.038	.027	.042	.009	010	.013	.024	.006	
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	072*	066	111*	.021	027	.006	052	.044	042	.044	016	
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	001	.008	027	.072	.155*	.112*	.124*	.007	.071	.123*	.106*	
16. Q4-Stable vs Tonse	009	.065	.014	.005	.032	.022	031	628	027	031	035	
R= Multiple correlation	.148	.180	.203	.242 *	.263	.249	.238	.200	.197	.195	.231	
F=	1.169	1.142	1.537	1.635	1.952*	1.740*	<u> </u>	1.094	1.064	1.042	1.474	
F-Value Sig at/ = .05	1.66	1.67	1.67				1.67					

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TABLE 6B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

	(Values of r Significant r> .070 r> .085 r> .083 r> .096						at %= .05 and Group Size, ii) r.096					
(Page 1 of 2)	N= 348	 			N= 437				N= ¹ +37			
MIQ SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES ATISFACT: 2		1	•	S SCALES (SFACTOR) 3		5	
1. Ability Utilization	.028	.025	.027	.085	.070	.085	02/+	0/12	.011	017	021	
2. Achievemene	003	.022	015	.088	.101	.100*	008	007	.02/4	049	005	
3. Activity	040	. •060	055	.023	.002	.020	.002	.021	.038	.003	.019	
4. Advancement	005	.032	002	.009	.016	.010	06/1	064	016	027	055	
5. Authority	.029	076	.051	.066	.018	.038	041	042	01,8	052	042	
6. Company Policy and Practice	001	080	016	.036	.061	.055	.02/1	038	037	031	024	
7. Compensation I	012	.003	020	019	.025	009	916	.033	020	021,	005	
8. Co-workers	.018	.018	.020	.065	.060	.066	033	015	035	032	036	
9. Greativity	.043	.033	•060	.007	.007	.003	069	.008	010	057	01:3	
10. Independence	011	.054	907	043	049	052	076	088	068	053	089	
ll. Moral Values	012	042	041	014	.025	٠٥٥/١	.018	005	.019	067	.003	
12. Recognition	015	.049	009	017	.063	.008	018	017	042	097*	637	
13. Responsibility	.040	.053	.057	.134*	.057	.106*	081	059	048	0984	080	
14. Security	068	086.*	095 %	.047	.023	,045	-,029	082	028	039	050	
15. Social Service	923	.011	038	.172*	.087	.150*	.01.7	022	.029	cl:9	.001	
lé. Social Status	014	.094 *	004	.056	,062	.051	07/1	02/4	071	107-	075	
17. Supervisor-Human Re- lations -continued-	015	.003	034	.021	011	.007	089	076	095	~.102*	105	



TABLE 6B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	r>.070		r> . <u>083</u>		r> 006		√= .05	ter = .05 and Group Size, N) r>.096 N= 437					
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	N= 848 GRADS VS DROPS	N= 564 EMP REL VS OTHERS	N=589 EMP REL VS DROPS		N= C SCALES ATISPACTI 2	OF	1		S SCALES ISPACTOR.	OF.	5		
18. Supervisor-Technical	·025	029	035	.040	.010	.026	043	059	٠٥٥٠٤	069	045		
19. Variety	014	.025	026	056	057	062	023	048	.00ls	073	035		
20. Working Conditions	010	040	031	051	021	0 ⁴ ;0	l10 *	071	090	168*	111*		
21. Work Challenge	00 9	,018	015	.055	.097*	.065	018	060	072	02/2	051		
22. Company Image	~.0 29	050	048	.082	.124*	.101*	.041	033	022	÷.0½0	005		
23. Organization Control	.046	.022	.052	007	016	020	022	.005	.009	032	012		
24. Feed Back	007	.006	030	.054	.081	.064	.001	039	.018	055	01.6		
25. Physical Facilities	.008	.004	.016	037	.025	019	 09l	093	104*	 071.	l10*		
26. Mork Relevance	~.00 4	.018	019	.157*	.138*	.166*	.034	014	.031	015	.017		
27. Company Prestige	.016	.028	.013	.063	.046	.061	010	041	.027	022	003		
28. Company Goals	006	033	033	.145*	.141*	.155*	.060	050	.042	007	.023		
29. Closure	049	.023	053	.071	.028	.056	046	068	093	→. 0/45	071		
30. Compensation II	047	.036	059	0 ¹ +5	.012	025	035	022	086	070	058		
R=	.175	. 224	.218	•315	.285	.300	.269	.236	.287	.262	.259		
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	.863	.943	.926	1.490*	1.192	1.340	1.053	.797	1.211	.999	.970		
F - Value Significant at⇔ = .05	1.48	1.49	1.49		.		1.	49			t		

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TABLE 6B (Continued) CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

POPULATION	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS OTHERS		SCALES TISFACT: 2	1	1		S SCALES (SFACTOR) 3		5
VDI			r >.083 N = S89		_		r >. N =	.096 437			
R =	.043	.001	.046	033	.020	011	.016	007	.031	003	.015
			r >.092 N = 468			4		107 348			
R =	.070	021	.116*	~.003	.153*	.071	.157*	.120*	.118*	.045	.148*

*Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)

TABLE 6B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - SECRETARIAL TRAINING POPULATION

	r> .088	r> .088	Values of r > .088	-	ficant a		n5 and G	roup Siz	rr		
_	::= 848.	n= 564	ห⇒ 589		N= 43	7			11=		
Personal Variables	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	ENP REL VS DROPS		SCALES ATISFACTI 2	10%	1		SCAUTS GETOATS 3		,
]	<u>, </u>		3	<u> </u>		Ī	<u>.</u>	
1. Age	-,005	'166 *	063	.051	.067	.056	.077	.059	.063	,056	.079
2. Years of Education	'038	058	071	.034	.021	.029	014	.040	.026	.043	.022
3. No. of Dependents	003	165*	074	.054	.086	.067	.080	.053	.028	.071	.073
4. Married	046	043	079	.048	048	.016	054	069	057	672	069
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	.018	.022	.009	064	056	063	.004	.049	.032	-,002	.023
6. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed	 037	061	065	007	008	007	.000	.057	.014	,054i	.023
7. Prior Related Work Exp.	.043	.025	.071	005	.001	.005	015	.007	024	028	015
8. Prior Unrelated Work Exp	063	.010	.058	001	003	.002	030	056	045	.ខាន់	038
	_										





TABLE 7B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL POPULATION

			(Values o	f r Sign	ificant a	at Y = .	05 and G	roup Si	ze, N)		
	r> .044	r>.044	r>.044		r > .044				r>.04	4	
	N= 7637 [°]	N= 3204	N= 4345		N= 2087				N= 208	7	
GATE SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS GTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		Q SCALES ATISFACT 2		1		S SCALES ESFACTOR 3		5
1. G-Intelligence	.041	.081*	.085*	.004	.038	.022	.112*	.050*	.056*	.033	*086
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	.041	.068≯	.094*	.031	.066*	.052*	.006*	.053*	.057*	.048*	.082*
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.026	.098%	.083*	029	.061#	.047*	.131*	*060*	.074*	.055*	.105*
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	017	.025	.008	n36	038	041	.026	.003	016	028	.004
5. P-Form Perception	.048*	.057*	.109*	.078*	.058*	.075*	.059*	.047*	.043	.012	.954*
6. Q-C [†] crical Perception	.059 *	.071*	.146*	.075*	.072*	.080*	.118*	.059*	.097*	.049*	.106*
7. K-Motor Coordination	.033	.059*	.085*	.038	.048*	.046*	.107*	.078*	.084*	•060*	.103*
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	.070 5.131*	.109 5.466*	.165 17.310*	.108	.109	.115	.163	.092	1.121	.087	.143
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	2.02	2.02	2.02			-	2.02				



CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL POPULATION

TABLE 78 (Continued)

	r > .044	r>.044	Values of r > .044		at ≪= .(05 and G	roup Siz	e, N) r>.044	_		
	N= 7637	N= 3204	N= 4345		N= 2087				N= 2087		
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	LEMP REL VS DROPS		Q SCALES ATISFACT: 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. K-1 Mechanical	117*	096*		073*	063*	074*	~.074*	060*	080*	068*	086*
2. H-2 Health Service	.100*	.115*	.204*	.101*	.012	.070*	.002	.022	.003	.031	.015
3. H-3 Office Work	.079*	.066*	.194*	.010	.055*	.029	.104*	.063*	.094*	.068*	.102*
4. N-4 Electronics	127*	099*	263*	-,053*	028	045*	063*	051*	068*	070*	075*
5. H-5 Food Service	.093*	.944*	.168*	.034	016	.013	035	-:004	017	.016	017
6. U-6 Carpentry	.001	038	041	028	033	035	.066*	025	.005	012	004
7. H-7 Sales-Office	055*	,074*	.142*	.550*	.017	.039	.018	.009	.042	.016	.027
8. II-8 Clean Hands	.ds7*	.033	.127*	001	.034	.012	.044*	.017	.061*	.029	.047*
9. H-9 Outdoors	089*	077*	216*	052*	049*	055*	049*	037	050*	0 56*	058*
7.=	.147	.140	.297	.122	.108	.114	.141	.098	.121	.094	.134
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	15.949*	7.065*		3.491*	2.725*	3.018*	4.645*		3.446*	-	4.213*
F - Value Significant at Y = .05	1.89	1.89	1.89		•	1.4	89	•			





TABLE 7B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL POPULATION

					cant at	イ= .05	and Gro	oup Size,	. и)		
	r > .044	r>.044	r>.044	1	r>.044		1		r7.044		
	N= 7637		N= 43 <u>45</u>		N=2087				ุญ⇒ 2087		
16 pg cau go	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL		SCALES				SCALES		
16 PF SCALES	VS DROPS	VS OTHERS	VS DROPS	1 1	TISFACTI 2	3	1	3 SAT	SFACTORI 3	.ness 4	5
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	.031	.058*	.107*	.073*	.003	.045*	023	026	.004	011	018
2. B-Dull vs Bright	002	.054*	.021	.011	.025	.C19	.027	.026	.033	006	.029
	002	. 93 4							-		
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	001	025	015	.008	.020	.017	.004	008	.008	.003	.002
4. E-Submissive vs Domi-	089*	···047* .	146*	021	031	028	056*	-, 347*	054*	039	060*
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	025	.041	003	.058*	.026	.049*	- 513	038	.016	042	019
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.067*	.045*	.112*	,062 *	.076*	.072*	.058*	.031	.068*	.033	.060*
7. H-Timid Vs Adventurous	027	.018	025	.052*	.059*	.061*	014	028	005	034	021
E. I-Tough vs Sensitive	.103*	.088*	.229*	.054*	.063*	.062*	.049*	.020	.060*	.045*	.054*
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	048*	018	074*	~.064*	091*	081*	.014	.006	.009	.015	.013
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	017	.013	018	.000	016	004	.022	.030	.014	.017	.025
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	057*	.043	098*	042	018	035	022	007	030	034	026
12. 0-Confident vs Inse-	.016	014	.022	036	025	034	009	013	008	.002	010
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	048*	.001	~. 073*	.013	023	001	~.008	055*	013	025	026
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	050*	031	101	.017	.018	.020	 036	039	053*	012	045*
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	001	.051*	000	.094*	.100 *	.108*	.035	.015	.017	.043	.031
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	.035	.001	.063*	032	014	030	.012	.004	.021	.019	.015
R-	.153	.141	.288	.154	.173	,166	.121	.112	.121	.111	.129
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F-	10.403*	4.032*	24.413*	3.139*	3.994*	3.673*	1.906*	1.640	1.933*	1.619	2.176*
F-Value Sig ato; = .05	1.65	1.65	1.65		· · ·	1.6	55				



TABLE 7B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL POPULATION

		<u>. </u>									
	r > 044	r> .044		alues of	r Signif	icant a	t 🔾 = .0 ∦	5 and Gr	oup Size r>.040		
(Page 1 of 2)	<u> </u>	} 	<u>. </u>	 	-		<u></u>			_	
	N= 7637 GRADS	N= 3204 EMP REL	N= 4345 EMP REL		N= 2087 SCALES	017	<u> </u>	Mes	N= 2087 SCALES		
MIQ SCALES	vs	vs	VS		TISFACTI				SFACTOR		
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	11	2	3	1_	2	3	4	5_
1. Ability Utilization	.039	.064*	*.080∗	.077*	.050*	.074*	.060s	015	.033	007	.029
2. Achievement	.044*	.064*	.093 ^t	.096*	.071*	.093*	.058*	.008	.027	G08	.034
3. Activity	. 020	.055*	.045*	.082*	.042	.070*	.025	008	.006	020	.007
4. Advancement	034	.006	~.045 *	020	000	015	.017	022	.023	013	.005
5. Authority	047*	009	079*	.003	002	003	051*	 060*	024	074*	~.ი6ი∗
6. Company Policy and Practice	.027	.021	.068*	.043	.044#	.050*	.039	025	.იიგ	019	.010
7. Compensation I	026	053*	076*	 006	.03.5	.000	.037	.017	.022	017	.023
8. Co-workers	.035'	.045*	.069*	.030	.014	.027	.060*	.013	.041	001	.040
9. Creativity	043	043	093*	.006	.015	.012	025	021	023	047*	033
10. Independence	042	053*	084 [*]	031	019	032	067*	045A	051*	.051*	065*
11. Moral Values	.071*	.072*	.131*	.074*	.033	.064*	.053*	.029	.040	.006	.045*
12. Recognition	022	052*	051 *	010	.024	.003	.012	009	.020	.055*	001
13. Resconsibility	043	019	077 [*]	.034	.037	.035	076*	078*	052*	312*	089*
14. Security	004	.013	.002	.023	.იიგ	.022	.009	~.031	.012	022	005
15. Social Service	.069*	.112*	.158*	.149*	.085*	.132*	001	009	.005	010	002
16. Social Status	.036	031	080*	.024	.028	.023	-,045*	042	024	070*	051*
17. Supervisor-Kuman Re- lations	~.009	.008	-,006	.024	.018	.024	.007	029	.001	037	012

-continued-



TABLE 7B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	r>.044	x > .044	r> .044		Signification 1000		∝ = .05 ∥	and Gro	r>.04	_	
	N= 7637		N= 4345_		N= 2037		1		N= 208		
	GRADS	EMP REL	EMI' REL		Q SCALES				S SCALES		
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	VS DROPS	VS OTHERS	DROPS	H _	ATISFA CT	10N 3	1 1	3A I	'ISFACTOR	\ \ \	5
<u> </u>	II DIANCO	VITTERS	1 DROPS	<u>} </u>	2	`			- -		
1. Supervisor-Technical	.004	.019	.021	.047*	.029	.043	.022_	017	.024	027	.007
2. Variety	.003	.007	.001	~.007	003_	066	.019	024	.016	042	001
3. Working Conditions	008	010	006	007	018	008	.016	011	.013	023	.003
4. Work Challenge	052*	039	~.088*	002	.031	.008_	042	040_	047*	059*	.054*
S. Company Image	.025	.018	.053*	.058*	.072*	.062*	.029	019	.001	035	.001
6. Organization Control	033	075*	090*	002	.009	.006	636	040	034	072*	-, <u>0</u> 50*
7. Feed Back	030	018	~.050*	.055*	.059*	*100.	.005	020	.008	054*	016
8. Physical Facilities	026	044*	~.071*	010	.014	001	026	049*	042	036	046*
9. Work Relevance	009	.016	006	.071*	.073*	.079*	.035	002	.031	013	.020
10. Company Prestige	.037	*880.	069*	.080*	.065*	.079*	.039	001	.036	009	.026
11. Company Goals .	.009	.012	.035	.081*	.081*	.089*	.029	019	.034	020	.03.4
12. Closure	055	022	011	.032	.027	.032	042	044*	051*	i063*	056*
13. Compensation II	033	043	075	021	.004	012	.005	003	002	038	007
R=	.139 .	.188	.262	.180	.143	.169	. 185	.140	.159	.151	.174
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	4.987*	3.870*	10.563*		1.424	2.020*	1		1.779*		2.147*
+							<u>. </u>			<u> </u>	
F-Value Significant at = .05	1,47	1.47	1.47			1	.47				
			<u> </u>						·· ·		· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



TABLE 7B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL POPULATION

POPULATION		GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	EMP REL VS		SCALES ATISFACTI				SCALES SFACTORI		
<u></u>		DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
VDI	1	T		r >.044 N= 4345				r >.044 N =2087				
	R =	.058*	.113*	.132*	.064*	.055*	.071*	.083*	.056*	.080*	.051*	.085*
MSAT				r >.044 N =3374				r >.050 N =1668				
	R =	.020	.041	.063*	.038	.069*	.062*	.110*	.058*	.073*	.034	.093*

*Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)

TABLE 7B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL POPULATION

	r > .044	r> .044	Vilues of .044). = <u>}</u>	05 And G	roup Siz	c, N)	4	•	
	N= 7637.	ห÷ 3204	N= 4345	-	X= 2087				N= 2087	•	
Permonal Variables	GRADS EMP HEL TAP HEL HSQ SCALES OF VS SAFESTACTION DROPS OTHER DROPS 1 2 5					1		S SCALES Spactor: 3		5	
1. A _{E,5} ,	.005	.011	.018	.047*	.038	.044*	.057*	.003	.026	.040	.040
2. Years of Education	· . 019	.016	.037	.041	.024	.036	013	.005	.007	007	003
3. No. of Dependents	006	.034	.007	.018	.009	.014	011	027	025	.011	019
4. Married	008	.061.*	.026	.035	.012	.026	.022	009	.012	.022	.014
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	003	.015	016	025	.009	013	.036	.004	.034	008	.025
6. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed	.001	013	.001	.026	.024	.022	020	003	012	012	015
7. Prior Related Work Exp.	.029	.058*	.048*	.035	.025	.031	.018	013	.006	024	.002
8. Prior Unrelated Work Ex	0 038	.015	056*	009	.007	003	029	046*	046*	018	042
9. Sex	12I*	132*	296*	070*	050	066*	085*	~.063 *	075*	079*	092*
	<u></u>	<u> </u>]	P	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1		<u> </u>

TABLE 8B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL MALE POPULATION

i i			(Values of	f r Signi	. Cicant a	(toy' = .(D5 and G	roup Siz	e, N)		
	r> .044	r> .055	r> .044		r> .074	·			r> .07	4	
	N=4561	N= 1362	N= 2327		N= 772				N= 772		
GATE SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		S SCALES SFACTOR		5
1. G-Intelligence	.003	.068*	.028	065*	.008	035	.111*	.048	.052	.007	.080
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	024	.019	023	031	.039	.002	.057	.021	.033	.004	.041
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	010	.050	.015	∽. 022	.013	009	.131*	.074*	.074*	.055	.109
4. S-Spatial Aptitude	.019	.084*	.050*	089*	054	080*	.054	015	007	075*	.009
5. P-Form Perception	009	.021	.005	.054	.051	.057	.076*	.004	.053	036	.045
6. Q-Clerical Perception	033	008	028	.064	.065	.067	.119*	000	.067	.008	.074
7. K-Motor Coordination	020	010	019	.016	.025	.020	.116*	.064	.084	.056	.103
R=	.048	.101	.084	.144	.120	.137	.166	.108	.108	.122	.138
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.502	1.993	2.354	2.311*	1.595	2.088*	3.093*	1.288	1.288	1.649	2.119
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	2.01	2.01	2.01			2	.03				

TABLE 8B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL MALE POPULATION

	r > .044		(Values of r > .044		ficant a		35 and G	roup Siz	e, N) r≯.07	4	
	N= 4561	N= 1362	N= 2327		N= 772				N= 772		
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	FMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5
1. H-1 Mechanical	.020	.076*	.045*	042	050	048	.009	.018	015	.019	.008
2. H-2 Health Service	029	.012	019	.031	.000	.026	025	035	~.012	030	.030
3. H-3 Office Work	004	043	005	.035	.028	.030	.043	.025	.04C	.017	.041
4. H-4 Electronics	026	.021	032	005	.005	004	.041	.026	.017	.019	.032
5. H-5 Food Service	002	~.068*	039	003	043	020	135	093*	088*	063	124*
6. H-6 Carpentry	.062*	.025	.082*	.030	.036	.038	.037	.018	.035	.059	.044
7. H-7 Sales-Office	055*	037	068*	017	001	011	045	066	009	066	052
8. H-8 Clean Handa	.002	063*	014	003	008	010	.047	.030	.095*	.045	.065
9. H-9 Outdoors	.038	.053	.054*	018	001	009	.078*	.046	.054	.040	.069
											<u> </u>
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.084	.119	.115	.129	.160	.151	.198	.131	.178	.143	.192
F=	3.593*	2.158*	3.450*	1.433	2.224*	1.976*	3,4551	1.478	2.770*	1.768	3.241*
F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	1.89	1.89	1.89			1	.90				



TABLE 88 (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PP AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL NALE POPULATION

	r > .044	r> .055	(Va)	(Values of r Significant st = .05 and Group Size, N) 144 H r> .074 # r> .074											
	N= 4561	N= 1362	€ 2327	 -	N= 772				¥= 772						
r	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL		SCALES	OF		HSS	SCALES		_				
16 PF SCALES	VS	VS	VS.	SA	TISPACTI	ON	_	SATI	EFACTORI	MESS	_				
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS	1 1	2		1			4					
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	045*	003	023	.045	.006	.024	059	060	-,004	036	052				
2. B-Dull ve Bright	021	.042	010	.007	.007	.008	.042	.045	.036	016	.041				
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.011	039	.002	.026	.044	.041	003	.005	.003	.026	.006				
4. E-Submissive vs Domi- nant	073*	053	111*	014	.009	001_	-,080*	051	085*	051	085*				
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	060*	.055*	~.030	.041	012	.013	026	069	.012	099*	046				
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.050*	.019	.070*	.077*	.103*	.092*	.051	.037	.065	.025	.057				
7. H-Timid Vs Adventurous	030	.037	.000	.056	.066	.062	.013	015	.015	051	003				
8. I-Tough vs Sensitive	~.009	022	013	009	.012	003	026	047	020	045	037				
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	032	019	058*	071	111*	094*	026	014	025_	.018	020				
10. M-Conventional Vs Eccentric	028	033	052*	.020	003	.017	.003	005	011	014	006				
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- csted	047*	046	090*	068	.033	028	009	.022	028	012	009				
12. 0-Confident vs Inse- cure	005	042	029	070	061	072	008	017	006	041	017				
13. Q1-Conservative va Experimenting	039	004	039	.020	037	005	.002	068	018	030	027				
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	005	.017	000	.035	.047	.047	.015	.002	008	.001	.006				
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	005	.100*	.035	.098*	.070	.095*	.041	.017	.045	.034	.040				
16. Q4-Stable ve Tense	.020	042	.012	006	021	019	010	016	034	007	023				
R=	.115	.159	.154	.169	.195	.175	.127	.141	.122	.145	.133				
MULTIPLE CORRELATION Pm	3.806*	2.180*	3.507*	1.387	1,865*	1.491	<u>,774 </u>	.957	. 713	1.013	. 850				
F-Value Sig eto(= .05	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.66											

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TABLE 8B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

(Values of r Significant at ❤ .05 and Group Size, N)													
	∥ .		! 1		-	icant a	ાં જ'• .0	5 and Gr	-	-			
(Page 1 of 2)	r>.044_	r> .055	r> .044		r> .074				r> .07	4			
	N≈ 4561	N= 1362	N= 2327		N= 772				N= 772				
VIA COLUES	GRADS	EMP REL	EMP REL		SCALES				SCALES				
MIQ SCALES	vs	vs	vs	SA	TISPACTI		l .	SATI	SPACTORI	ness _.	_		
	DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS		2	3 .	1		3	<u>4</u>	5		
1. Ability Utilization	.023	.137*	.092*	.023	.042	.039	.122*	.118*	.118*	.121*	.144*		
2. Achievement	003	.046	.014	.088*	.052	.083*	.076*	058	.048	034	.025		
3. Activity	.002	.045	.016	.102*	.066	.095*	.062	027	.043	032	.025		
4. Advancement	.008	.047	.024	.136*	.072	.117*	.006	057	007	072	029		
5. Authority	.002	.068*	.041	.055	.009	.041	.053	.011	.085*	.030	.055		
6. Company Policy and Practice	022	.011	002	.056	.017	.042	.021	029	.016	057	024		
7. Compensation I	005	.050	.029	.070	.066	.079*	.023	045	.046	005	.010		
8. Co-workers	.006	028	015	.057	.033	.056	.051	.040	.061	.013	.053		
9. Creativity	007	.032	.011	.064	,n26	.058	.055	058	.033	036	.009		
10. Independence	035	.020	023	.066	.041	.069	.000	008	011	048	014		
11. Moral Values	021	075*	060	.042	.008	.028	104*	067	057	095*	-،099*		
12. Recognition	.030	.079*	.060*	.085*	.032	.074*	.035	.006	.028	.018	.027		
13. Responsibility	-:015	026	008	.088*	.051	.087*	.006	016	.014	065	-،011		
14. Security	039	.011	032	090*	.061	.085*	090*	079*	019	113*	090		
15. Social Service	.008	.057*	.036	.048	.021	.048	.018	012	.022	.002	.010		
16. Social Status	022	.080*	.013	1133*	.067	·114*	030	084*	001	071	051		
17. Supervisor-Human Re- lations	026	031	036	.080*	.051	.071	020	040	.018	069	029		

1. 1. 1.

-continued-

.7 T T



TABLE 8B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

Page 2 of 2)					Signific	ant at	≺ = .05	and Grou			
age 2 0. 2)	r> .044 N= 4561		r>.044 N= 2327		r> .074 N= 722				r> .074 N= 722		
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	GRADS VS DROPS		EMP REL VS DROPS	MSC	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		S SCALES SFACTORI	OF	
18. Supervisor-Technical	021	. 062*	.011	.028	.026	.033	.021	052	.041	025	.001
19. Variety	014	.056*	.018	.063	.044	.065	.020	030	.055	.010	.018
20. Working Conditions	005	.015	.03.2	.031	.038	.038	.000	077*	.024	097*	045
21. Work Challenge	015	.007	.013	.029	.018	.030	.011	020	.053	005	.011
22. Company 1mage	041	024	018	.046	.050	.049	033	021	022	054	038
23. Organization Control	.006	003	.011	.060	.045	.057	.023	.001	.042	.002	.020
24. Feed Back	٦.022	−.051	039	.066	.048	.077*	036	044	041	~.074*	053
25. Physical Facilities	040	006	045*	.087*	.061	.089*	.012	055	.004	077*	023
26. Work Relevance	007	026	014	.048	.037	.050	.005	000	.006	.004	.001
27. Company Prestige	018	.019	011	.092*	.076*	.095*	.032	.009	.079*	018	.035
28. Company Goals	.018	.114*	.049*	.088*	.049	.076*	002	034	.027	050	014
29. Closure	033	003	029	.109*	.089*	.113*	.012	023	.060	018	.001
30. Compensation II	015	032	015	.020	008	.014	062	068	051	075*	074*
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.109	. 229	. 158	.212	.161	. 202	.232	. 207	. 204	.213	.218
F*	1.816*	2.455*	1.959*	1.162	.657	1.051	1.405	1.106	1.073	1.174	1.232
F - Value Significant at⇔r = .05	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.48							





TABLE 8B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

	POPULATION		GRADS VS	EMP REL VS	EMP REL VS	,	SCALES TISFACT				S SCALES		
!			DROPS	OTHERS	DROPS_	1	2	3	1	2	3	4	5
	VDI		r >.044 N =4561		r >.044 N =2327		· .		r > N =				
		R =	.023	.137*	.092*	.023	.042	.039	.122*	. 118*	.118*	.121*	.144*
	MSAT				r >.047 N =1809				r > N =	.081 630			
		R =	015	059	020	038	.018	004	.075	.027	.062	.026	.064

*Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ____.)

TABLE 8B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

	r > .044	1	(Values of	_	ficant a		05 and G	roup Siz	r> .07	4	
	N≃ 4561	N= 1362	N= 2327		N≈ 772				N≈ 77	2	
Personal Variables	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTOR: 3		5
1. Age	.027	.062*	.118*	.054	.022	.037	.100*	.064	.052	.077*	.093
2. Years of Education	.014	.011	.025	.040	.016	.032	.023	.061	020	002	.022
3. No. of Dependents	.007	.084*	.071*	.013	005	.003	.029	.042	.029	.061	.042
4. Married	.006	.108*	.092*	.002	011	009	.061	.025	.049	.051	.057
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	011	.002	044*	.009	.039	.028	.010	043	.034	017	001
6. Prior Post-High Wed	.021	.021	.053*	.064	.072	.063	027	.021	016	.015	009
7. Prior Related Work	.031	.051	.058*	.075*	.075*	.077*	.037	027	.015	024	.009
8. Prior Unrelated Work Exp.	035	.063*	007	064	.064	040	.061	.019	.059	.037	.054
	<u> </u>										





TABLE 9B

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE GATB AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS
- TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

	(Values of r Significant at of = .05 and Group Size, N)											
	r>.044	r>.047	r>.044		r > .05	6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	r> .05	5		
	N= 3076	N= 1842	N= 2018		N= 131	5			N≃ 131	5		
GATB SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5	
1. G-Intelligence	.096*	.077*_	.139*	.039	.053	.050	.106*	.046	.053	.043	.082*	
2. V-Verbal Aptitude	.073*	.045	.105*	.037	.063*	.054	.086*	.046	.042	.041	.069*	
3. N-Numerical Aptitude	.049*	.105*	.098*	.042	.079*	.064*	.112*	.038	.056*	.036	.082*	
4. S+Spatial Aptitude	.070*	.010	.083*	.013	014	002	.034	.030	000	.022	.027	
5. P-Form Perception	.052*	.029	.080*	.070*	.046	.066*	.022	.050	.013	.013	.029	
6. Q-Clerical Perception	.049*	.037	.064*	. 044	.052	.054	.078*	.0 5 4	.076*	.024	.076*	
7. K-Motor Coordination	.007	.038	.016	.016	.040	.030	.064*	.059*	.051	.025	.063*	
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.106	.108	.146	.079	.104	.095	,138	.080	.101	.052	.112	
F= F - Value Significant at 9 = .05	4.981*	2.02	2.02	1.173	2.042*	1.700	3.625* 2.02	1.203	1.924	.506	2.372*	





TABLE 9B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MVII AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

				es of r Significant at < = .05 and Group Size, N)									
	r > .044	17.04/	τ > .044		r> .056		 		r> .05	6			
	N= 3076	N= 1842	N= 2018		N=1315				N= 1315	i			
MVII SCALE	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	14	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		5		
l. H-l Mechanical	065*	~.071*	091*	012	033	020	023	055	063*	033	048		
2. H-2 Health Service	.083*	.084*	.101*	.094*	019	.052	053	~.003	047	001	037		
3. H-3 Office Work	026	.007	015	073*	.036	031	.079*	.036	.074*	.033	.070*		
4. H-4 Electronics	081*	060*	112*	004	_* 022	.012	055	047	069*	070*	067*		
5. H-5 Food Service	.058*	.004	.048*	003	054	029	072*	019	054	013	054		
6. H-6 Carpentry	024	030	036	037	~.068*	061*	.034	~.024	.028	026	.013		
7. H-7 Sales-Office	.018	.038	.015	.034	017	.014	025	010	.008	010	012		
8. H-8 Clean Hands	011	.017	007	049	.029	019	010	031	.000	032	019		
9. H-9 Outdoors	009	.003	.003	.011	035	010	026	~.010	029	028	026_		
Ru -	.115	.126	.154	.113	.103	.101	.144	.103	.137	.112	.136		
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	4.566*	3.284*	5.420*	1.875*	1.555	1.494	3.070*	1.555	2.774*	1.842	2.733*		
F - Value Significant at Y = .05	1.89	1.89	1.89				1	.69					

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TABLE 98 (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE 16PF AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

	r > .044	r> .047	(Val	ues of r	Signifi r> .056	cant at	ా∕ = .05 ∦	and Gro	up Size, r> .056		·
	N= 3076	N= 1842	N= 2018		N= 1315				N= 1315		
16 PF SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3	OF	5
1. A-Aloof vs Outgoing	.008	.025	.016	.057*	030	.025	055	047	036	045	056*
2. B-Dull vs Bright	.019	.052*	.030	.007	.031	.019	.011	.010	.025	007	.014
3. C-Emotional vs Mature	.005	.001	.009	.006	.012	.012	.014	008	.016	002	.007
4. E-Submissive vs Domi- nant	044*	002	058*	009	043	028	026	032	024	016	029
5. F-Glum vs Enthusiastic	006	.014	012	.062*	.042	.061*	~.014	029	.013_	022	013
6. G-Casual vs Consci- entious	.031	.031	.046*	.039	.052	.049	.043	.014	.054	.020	.042
7. H-Timid vs Adventurous	003	,018	005	.058*	.061*	.067*	020	029	007	018	021
8. I-Tough Vs Sensitive	.011_	.008	.012	.016	.055	.037	006	025	.030	.003	002
9. L-Trustful vs Sus- pecting	067*	013	082*	058*	076*	070*	.041	.019	.031	.017	.035
10. M-Conventional vs Eccentric	045*	.028	061*	025	035	030	.018	.040	.016	.023	.027
11. N-Simple vs Sophisti- cated	015	013	001	017	~.043	030	018	014	020	037	023
12. 0~Confident vs Inse- cure	.004	020	.000	033	015	027	026	024	024	.010	025
13. Q1-Conservative vs Experimenting	036	.031	047*	.018	007	.010	003	039	001	011	014
14. Q2-Dependent vs Self- Sufficient	035	012	054*	.037	.022	.033	034	038	052	.012	039
15. Q3-Uncontrol vs Self- Control	.054*	.037	.054*	.107*	.129*	.129*	.050	.027	.018	.064*	.045
16. Q4-Stable vs Tense	024	010	037	070*	026	059	002	004	.029	.010	.007
R= MULTIPLE CORRELATION	.113	.087	.148	.149	-186	.167	.123	.112	.114	.107	.123
	2.473*	.869	2.801	1.842*	2.907*	2.327*	1.246	1.030	1.068	.940_	1.246
F-Value Sig at / = .05	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65							





TABLE 9B (Continued)

MIO AND THE OBJECTIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRIFERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL FEMALE PC 'LATION

(Page 1 of 2)	(Values of r Significant at of = .05 and Group Size, N r> .044 r> .047 r> .044 r> .056 r> .056										
(rage 1 or 2)	N= 3076	N= 1842	N= 2018		N= 7.315				N= 1315		
MIQ SCALES	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL, VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	MSQ	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTORI 3		
1. Ability Utilization	.062*	.051*	.086*	.077*	.054	.080*		.007	.044	012	.032
2. Achievement	.049*	.041	.0 5 5*	.056*	.038	.055	.031	008	.008	012	.010
3. Activity	.037	.029	.040	.073*	.059*	.074*	.030	.008	005	~.021	.010
4. Advancement *	.009	.048*	.021	.047	.020	.040	.029	.012	.007	.003	.019
5. Authority	028	001	032	038	.009	024	.024	020	.016	013	.607
6. Company Policy and Practice	014	.036	003	001	.006	004	038	056*	018	056*	046
7. Compensation I	.023	041	.013	.015	.022	.022	.033	027	025	042	007
8. Co-workers	005	033	025	021	.018	012	.052	.021	.022	013	.032
9. Creativity	.044*	.024	.050*	005	004	006	.045	.037	.029	.002	.037
10. Independence	007	052*	039	006	.015	000	014	009	008	024	016
11. Moral Values	047*	011	057*	065*	030	060*	036	026	040	015	037
12. Recognition	.053*	.006	.050*	.044	.015	.036	.033	.019	.021	033	.022
13. Responsibility	005	046	019	050	.018	030	.032	.007	.038	035	.022
14. Security	~.009	009	022	.017	.035	.021	050	065*	055	095*	071*
15. Social Service	.000	009	.003	.018	.007	.016	.015	034	.017	026	002
16. Social Status	.069*	.058*	.084*	.134*	.075*	.118*	036	010	035	026	032
17. Supervisor-Human Re- lations	004	.008	019	. 910	.027	.012	041	030	030	055	044

-continued-



TABLE 9B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE MIQ AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

(Page 2 of 2)	(Values of r Significant at <> = .05 and Group Size, N) r> .044 r> .047 r> .044 r> .056 r> .056 N= 3076 N= 1842 N= 2018 N= 1315 N= 1315												
(rage 2 of 2)	N = 3076	r > .047 $N = 1842$	r> .044 N= 2018		r> .056 N= 1315				r> .056 N= 1315	<u> </u>			
MIQ SCALES (Cont'd)	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	MSQ	SCALES TISFACTI 2		1		SCALES SFACTOR:	OF	5		
18. Supervisor-Technical	.017	030	.001	.028	.018	.026	.007	012	013	037	011		
19. Variety	.025	020	.021	.038	.020	.032	.024	009	.008	048	.002		
20. Working Conditions	.011	.006	010	024	024	027	.033	.006	.037	008	.026		
21. Work Challenge	012	020	032	024	038	027	.020	005	005	032	.001		
22. Company Image	011	001	025	006	.037	.007	021	031	038	037	035		
23. Organization Control	.019	.007	.017	.045	.080	.064*	.018	041	033	071*	026		
24. Feed Back	.009	051*	010	026	003	021	014	022	011	051	024		
25. Physical Facilities	012	022	032	.039	.060*	.047	010	.003	.013	036	~.007		
26. Work Relevance	.013	012	.005	020	.016	009	.018	057%	046	035	045		
27. Company Prestige	007	.006	026	.058*	.070*	.070*	.034	~.009	.005	012	.010		
28. Company Goals	.031	.048*	.033	.070*	.069*	.074*	.051	.009	.033	.005	.036		
29. Closure	.017	019	001	.049	.065*	.061*	.018	032	•002	042	008		
30. Compensation II	016	019	028	.038	.048	.041	033	033	053	059	050		
R=	.133	.167	.170	.185	.166	.175	.181	.156	.174	.170	.175		
MULTIPLE CORRELATION F=	1.828*	1.732*	1.971*	1.517*	1.213	1.352	1.450	1.068	1.336	1.274	1. 3 52		
F - Value Significant at ~ * .05	1.47	1.47	1.47		'	1.	. 47						





TABLE 9B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE VDI AND MSAT AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS

TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

POPULATION	·	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS		SCALES TISFACTI 2		I		SCALES SFACTOR: 3		5
VDI				r >.044 N =2018			1	r >. N =:				
***************************************	R =	.062*	.051*	.086*	.077*	.054	.080*	.043	.007	.044	012	.032
MSAT	-			r >.052 N =1565		_		r >. N =1				
	R =	.036	.072*	.069*	.062*	.091*	.085*	.113*	.062*	.061	.020	.089*

^{*}Denotes Correlations Significant at α = .05 level (Minimum significant correlation indicated as r > ___.)





T/BLE 9B (Continued)

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN THE PERSONAL VARIABLES AND THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

•	r > .044		(Values of	_	ficant a	\t≪=.(05 and G	roup Siz	r>.056	.	
	N= 3076	N= 1842	N⇒ 2018		N= 1315			,	N= 1315	j	
Personal Variables	GRADS VS DROPS	EMP REL VS OTHERS	EMP REL VS DROPS	1 '	SCALES TISFACTI	1	1		SCALES SFACTORI		5
1. Age	008	012	017	.057*	.060*	.062*	.046	023	.025	.031	.026
2. Years of Education	.033	.016	.014	.041	.028	.038	028	018	.018	010	014
3. No. of Dependents	`.018	000	.021	.042	.036	.042	029	076*	059*	018	054
4. Married	.016	.034	.016	.076*	.042	.068*	800،	023	001	.015	.000
5. Prior H.S. Voc. Ed.	013	.002	038	057*	017	047	.040	.020	.027	014	.028
6. Prior Post-High You	.010	028	.004	.006	009	001	.000	010	.003	022	005
7. Prior Related Work	.053*	.073*	.078*	.012	006	.004	.006	006	000	027	003
8. Prior Unrelated Work Exp.	.032	.014	.031	.042	.024	.038	052	061*	078*	024	064*
						-					





APPENDIX C

THE SUB-SET OF INSTRUMENT SCALES MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE CRITERIA OF VOCATIONAL STUDENT SUCCESS

TOTAL POPULATION								
Test Instrument Scale Combinations		10	• ;		-1	•		124
Personal Data Variable Combinations	•	.2C	•).	•	•	•	127
TOTAL MALE POPULATION				`				
Test Instrument Scale Combinations	•	.3C			•	•		128
Personal Data Variable Combinations	•	.4C	•	•	•	•	•	131
TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION								
Test Instrument Scale Combinations		.5C	•		•	•		132
Personal Data Variable Combinations		.6C						135

TABLE IC

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL POPULATION

an equagressic all brables ables an ifican about the contraction of the contraction are also becomes a contraction are also becomes an equagram ables are also becomes a contraction are a	*Denotes that the variable r mained in an equation produced by step-wise regression which met the criterion that all be a weights associated with variables remaining in the equation be significantly different than zero at the .05 level of significance. INSTRUMENT SCALES		Empl Rei vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 3	MSQ - General		MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Grad	ш	ш	_ <u>æ</u>	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ -
GATB	 G-Intelligence V-Verbal Aptitude N-Numerical Aptitude S-Spatial Aptitude 	•	*	•	•	*	•	• •	•	:	•	
ORID	5. P-Form Perception	*	•	*	*	*	*	•		•	•	• 1
	6. Q-Clerical Perception		•	•	*	*	*	•	•	:	•	:
	7. K-Motor Coordination	l :	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	<u> </u>
	H-1 Mechanical H-2 HeaIth Service H-3 Office Work	*	*	*	•	*	•	•	•	*	*	*
MVII	H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry	*	•	*	•	• •	:	• •	•	*	:	*
	H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors	•	•	* .		* •	:	•	•	•	·	
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing	•	•			•	•	•		•	•	*
	B-Dull vs Bright C-Emotional vs Mature		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	:	:	•
	E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum Vs Enthusiastic G-Cascal vs Conscientious	* *	:	* •	•	•	•	* .	:	* •	•	* .
16PF	H-Timid vs Adventurous I-Tough vs Sensitive L-Trustful vs Suspecting		•	• *	•	· •	· •	:	:	•	:	
	M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control Q4-Stable vs.Tense	*	•	*	*	*	· •	•	•	•	· *	:

TABLE 1C (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL POPULATION

an equa gressio all bet ables a nifican	tion on wh a we cemai tly	at the variable remained in produced by step-wise re- ich met the criterion that ights associated with vari- ning in the equation be sig- different than zero at the of significance.	Grad vs Drop	Empl Rel vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic	MSQ - General	Satisfaction MSS - Promotability	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	•	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	:	SCALES	<u> </u>	떕	<u> ដ</u>	ž	<u> </u>	ž	<u>ž</u>	Ž	Ĭ	<u> </u>	Σ
	1. 2. 3.	Ability Utilization Achievement Activity	*	*	*	:	•	•	*	•	*	:	*
	4. 5.	Advancement Authority	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	6.	Company Prac and Pol		*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	7.	Compensation I Co-workers	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
i	9.	Creativity		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	10. 11. 12.	Independence Moral Value Recognition	: •	:	* .	:	:	•	•	•	•	:	•
	13.	Responsibility	١.								•		
	14.	Security	1.	•		•	•		*	*		*	*
	15.	Social Service] .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	16. 17. 18.	Social Status Supervision (Human kelations) Supervision (Technical)		* .	:	* .	*	*	•		•	:	•
j													
	19.	Variety	١.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	20. 21.	Working Conditions Work Challenge	:	:	*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•
	22.	Company Image	١.										
	23.	Organizational Control	.		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	24.	Feedback		*		•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	25. 26. 27.	Physical Facilities Work Relevance	*	:	*	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	•
<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	Company Prestige	ļ •	<u> </u>	•	<u>•</u>	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> :-	<u> </u>	

TABLE 1C (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL POPULATION

an equate gression all beta ables renificant					MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 23	MSQ - General	~	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	1	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
MIQ	28. Company Goals 29. Closure 30. Compensation II		*	*	:	:	:		:		:	•
Multiple Co	rrelation - Total Set 63 var. R =	.21*	.24*	. 37*	.25*	. 26*	. 26*	. 28*	.21	. 24*	.2 †	. 26*
	R2≖	.04	.06	.14	.06	.07	.07	<u>.</u> 8	.04	.06	.04	.97
Multiple Co	rrelation - Final Set No.of var.=	12	9	17	4	9	5	8	2	8	3	10
	**R =	. 19	.21	.36	. 19	.20	. 20	.21	.11	.18	. 14	.21
	R ² ≠	.03	.04	.13	.04	.04	.04	.04	.01	.03	.02	.04

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 level.



^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

TABLE 2C

THE PERSONAL DATA VARIABLE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL POPULATION

an equati gression all beta ables rem nificantl	*Denotes that the variable remained in an equation produced by step-wise regression which met the criterion that all beta weights associated with variables remaining in the equation be significantly different than zero at the .05 level of significance.					MSQ - Extrinsic D	MSQ - General B Satisfaction Y	>	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Grad	Emp1	Emp1	MSQ - Intrinsic	Σ_	<u> </u>	Σ	Σ.	Σ	Σ	Σ
PERSONAL VARIABLES	Age Years of Education No. of Dependents Married Prior H.S. Vocational Ed. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed. Prior Related Work Experience Prior Unrelated Work Exp. Sex	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* * * * * *	*		*	*	•	•		
Multiple Corre	elation - Total Set 9 var. R =	.15*	.17*	. 34*	.11*	.08	.09*	.13*	.08	.11	. 10*	.12*
	Ř ² =	.02	.03	.12	.01	.01	.01	.02	.01	.01	.01	.02
Multiple Corre	elation - Final Set No. of var.=	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
	**R =	.15	.16	. 34	. 09	. 05	.08	.11	.06	.07	.07	.09
	R ² =	.02	.03	.11	.01	. 00	.01	.01	.00	.01	.01	.01

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 Level.

^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

TABLE 3C

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

an equat gression all beta ables re nificant	that the variable remained in ion produced by step-wise rewhich met the criterion that weights associated with varimaining in the equation be signly different than zero at the of significance. SCALES	Grad vs Drop	Empl Rel vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 23	MSQ - General	t j	MSS - Perconal Adjust.	MSS - Con cormance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT												
	1. G-Intelligence	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• 1
	2. V-Verbal Aptitude	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. [
	3. N-Numerical Aptitude	٠.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	.
GATB	4 0 0											
	4. S-Spatial Aptitude	•	•	•	*	•	*	•	.•	•	*	·
	5. P-Form Perception	١.	•	•	*	•	*	•	•	•	•	. 1
	6. Q-Clerical Perception	١.	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•	•	•
	7. K-Motor Coordination H-1 Mechanical	 	•	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>	•	•	_•	•	<u>.</u>	─*-┤
	H-2 Health Service		*	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	
	H-3 Office Work		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
MVII	H-4 Electronics H-5 Food Service H-6 Carpentry H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands H-9 Outdoors	*	•	*	•	*	•	*	*		* * *	
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing	Ι.	•	-		-	 -	•	<u> </u>	-	•	
	B-Dull vs Bright				•				•	•	•	
	C-Emotional vs Mature	1.			•							
	E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic G-Casual vs Conscientious	*	•	* •	:	:	:	:	:	:	*	•
	H-Timid vs Adventurous	1										1
16PF	I-Tough vs Sensitive		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
TOLL	L-Trustful vs Suspecting	١.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	n-1162crat A2 pasheccruk	١,	•	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•
	M-Conventional vs Eccentric N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure		•	*	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	•
	Ol Concernative Ferrani	1										
	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment	1.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*
	Q2-Dependent vs Self-Sufficient Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control	١.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Q4-Stable vs Tense		*	•	*	•	*	•	•	•	•	•
	A-acente as Jeliže	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> :	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	•	•	• :

TABLE 3C (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

an equa gression all bet ables re nifican	that the variable remained in tion produced by step-wise re- n which met the criterion that a weights associated with vari- emaining in the equation be sig- tly different than zero at the el of significance.	Grad vs Drop	Empl Rel vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 3		Satisfactions MSS - Promotability	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	SCALES_	1 9	<u> </u>	<u>च</u>	_ <u>≭</u>	Ž.	Σ	₹	<u> </u>	X	Σ	ž
	 Ability Utilization Achievement Activity 		*	*	•	•	:	*	:	*	•	*
	4. Advancement 5. Authority 6. Company Prac. and Pol.			•	* •	•	*	•		•	•	:
	7. Compensation I 8. Co-workers 9. Creativity		:	* •	•	•		•				:
	10. Independence 11. Moral Value 12. Recognition		•	• •	•	•	•	•	:	:	•	:
MIQ	13. Responsibility 14. Security 15. Social Service		:	•	•	•	•	• •	•	•	•	
	16. Social Status 17. Supervision (Human Relations) 18. Supervision (Technical)		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	19. Variety 20. Working Conditions 21. Work Challenge			•		•		•	•	•		•
	22. Company Image 23. Organizational Control 24. Feedback		:	:		•	:	:	:	:	:	
	25. Physical Facilities 26. Work Relevance 27. Company Prestige		•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•



TABLE 3C (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VIRIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

an equat gression all beta ables re nificant .05 leve	that the variable remained in zion produced by step-wise re- which met the criterion that weights associated with variemaining in the equation be signly different than zero at the el of significance.	Grad vs Drop	Empl Rel vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 23	MSQ - General	5	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
<u>Instrument</u> Mîq	SCALES 28. Company Goals 29. Closure 30. Compensation II	*	* *	*	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	<u></u> -
Multiple Corre		.18*	1									\Box
Multiple Corre	R^{2} = elation - Final Set No. of var. =	.03			. 10	.10 5	.11	.13	.09	. 10 3	.11	.12
	**R =	.12	.22	.21	. 21	. 19	. 20	.25	.15	. 09	. 22	.21
	R ² ≖	.02	.05	.04	. 05	.03	.04	.06	.02	.04	.05	.05

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 level.

^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

TABLE 4C

THE FERSONAL DATA VARIABLE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL MALE POPULATION

an equat gression all beta ables re- nificant	*Denotes that the variable remained in an equation produced by step-wise regression which met the criterion that all beta weights associated with variables remaining in the equation be significantly different than zero at the .05 level of significance.				MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic NO	ı	Satisfaction - Promotability	S - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	S - Dependability	S - General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Grad	Emp1	Ещрі	_≚_	×	MSQ	MSS	MSS	¥	MSS	MSS
PERSONAL VARIABLES	Age Years of Education No. of Dependents Married Prior H.S. Vocational Ed. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed. Prior Related Work Experience Prior Unrelated Work Exp.	*	*	•		•		*	*	•	*	*
Multiple Corre	elation - Total Set 8 var. R =	.06_	.13*	. 14*	. 13_	.11	.11_	.14	.10	.09	.09	.11
	R ² =	.00	.02	.02	.02	.01	.01	.02	.01	.01	.01	.01
Multiple Corr	elation - Final Set No. of var. =	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	** R =	.03	.11	.12	.07_	.07	.07	. 10	.06	.06	.08	.09
	R ² =	.00	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.00	.00	.01	.01

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 level.



^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

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TABLE 5

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

an equati gression all beta ables rem nificant	that the variable remained in ion produced by step-wise re-which met the criterion that weights associated with variationing in the equation be sigly different than zero at the of significance. SCALES	Grad vs Drop	Empl Rel vs Other	Empl Rel vs Drop	MSQ - Intrinsic	MSQ - Extrinsic 23	HSQ - General	. >	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	ASS - General Satisfactoriness
4.0		1										
	1. G-Intelligence 2. V-Verbal Aptitude 3. N-Numerical Aptitude	:	•	•	:	•	:	: :	:	•	:	•
GATB	4. S-Spatial Aptitude	Ι.										
	5. P-Form Perception		•		*	•		•	•	•	•	
	6. Q-Clerical Perception	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	*
	7. K-Motor Coordination	 	•	•	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>
•	H-1 Mechanical H-2 Health Service	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	H-3 Office Work	•	*	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*
•	N-3 OILLES WOLK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	H-4 Electronics							٠		٠		•
MVII	H-5 Food Service					•		*		•		*
	H-6 Carpentry	1.	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	H-7 Sales-Office H-8 Clean Hands		•	•	•		•	:			•	
	H-9 Outdoors	1	·	:	Ċ		:		·	•	:	
	A-Aloof vs Outgoing	 	÷	÷	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	÷	·	·		÷	-
	B-Dull vs Bright		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
	C-Emotional vs Mature		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	E-Submissive vs Dominant F-Glum vs Enthusiastic											
!	G-Casual vs Conscientious		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	G-Casual As consciencions		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
,	H-Timid vs Adventurous	i .										.
16PF	I-Tough vs Sensitive							,			•	
	L-Trustful vs Suspecting		•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	.]
	M-Conventional vs Eccentric			*		•	•	•	•	•		
	N-Simple vs Sophisticated O-Confident vs Insecure	١.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	o-continent A2 tusecate		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Q1-Conservative vs Experiment Q2-Dependent vs Self-Suf	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	
	Q3-Uncontrol vs Self-Control	Ι.	•	-	•	•	•		-	-	-	
	Q4-Stable vs Tense	:	:	:	•	•	•	•	:	:	•	
												

TABLE SC (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

an equat gression all beta ables re nificant	that the variable remained in tion produced by step-wise re- n which met the criterion that a weights associated with vari- emaining in the equation be sig- tly different than zero at the el of significance.	d vs Drop	l Rel vs Other	Rel vs Drop	- Intrinsic	- Extrinsic 13	- General	Satisfaction - - Promotability	- Personal Adjust.	- Conformance	- Dependability	- General Satisfactoriness
INSTRUMENT	SCALES	Grad	Emp1	Emp1	₹	MSQ	MSQ	MSS	MSS	MSS	MSS	MSS
	 Ability Utilization Achievement Activity Advancement 	*	:	•	:	:	:	•	•	•	:	•
	5. Authority 6. Company Prac and Pol			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	·
	7. Compensation I 8. Co-Workers 9. Creativity		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	10. Independence 11. Moral Value 12. Recognition		*	•	:	:	:	•	•	•	:	•
M1Q	13. Responsibility 14. Security 15. Social Service		•	:	•	•	•	•	*	•	*	*
	16. Social Status 17. Supervision (Human Relations) 18. Supervision (Technical)		:	:	•	:	*	•	•	:	:	
	19. Variety 20. Working Conditions 21. Work Challenge		:	•	:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	22. Company Image 23. Organizational Control 24. Feedback		•	•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	
	25. Physical Facilities 26. Work Relevance 27. Company Prestige		•	· ·	•	•	•	•	•	:	:	•



TABLE FC (Continued)

THE TEST INSTRUMENT SCALE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

an equat gression all beta ables re nificant	tion p n which a weigh emaining tly di el of	the variable remained in roduced by step-wise re- h met the criterion that hts associated with vari- ng in the equation be sig- fferent than zero at the significance. SCALES	Grad ve Pron	Rel	Re 1	MSQ -Intrinsic	U	MSQ - General	Satisfaction - Promotability	·	- Conforman	ı	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
MIQ	28. 29. 30.	Company Goals Closure Compensation II		:	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	
Multiple Corre	elatio	n - Total Set 63 var. R	= .22	.23	.29	. 25	. 29*	. 27	.27	.23	.25	.24_	.26
		R ²	= .05	.05	.08	.06	. 09	.07	.07	.05	.06	.06	.07
Multiple Corre	elatio	n - Final Set No. of var.	= 7	4	8	3	3	2	5	1	3	2	6
		**R	= <u>. 17</u>	.15	.23	.17	.17	.16	.17	.07	.13	.12	.16
		R ²	= .03	.02	.05	.03	.03	.03	.03	.00	.02	.01	.03

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 level.

^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

TABLE 6C

THE PERSONAL DATA VARIABLE COMBINATIONS MOST PREDICTIVE OF THE VARIOUS CRITERIA - TOTAL FEMALE POPULATION

		-										
an equate gression all beta ables re- nificant	*Denotes that the variable remained in an equation produced by step-wise regression which met the criterion that all beta weights associated with variables remaining in the equation be significantly different than zero at the .05 level of significance. INSTRUMENT SCALES					MSQ - Extrinsic NA	MSQ - General Satisfaction V	<u>ج</u>	MSS - Personal Adjust.	MSS - Conformance	MSS - Dependability	MSS - General Satisfactoriness
PERSONAL VARIABLES	Age Years of Education No. of Dependents Married Prior H.S. Vocational Ed. Prior Post-High Voc. Ed. Prior Related Work Experience Prior Unrelated Work Exp.		•	•	*	*	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	*	*	*	*
-	lation - Total Set 8 var. R = R ² = lation - Final Set No. of var. =	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01	.02	.01	3
	**R = R ² =		İ						.07	<u> </u>		

^{*}Multiple correlation coefficient significant at the .05 level.



^{**}Significance tests were not calculated for the multiple correlation coefficients obtained with the reduced set, since the correlations are on optimized correlations for which a significance test is not very meaningful.

APPENDIX D

MINNESOTA AREA VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL SCHOOLS THAT COOPERATED IN PROJECT MINI-SCORE

Alexandria Moorhead

Austin Pine City

Canby

Duluth St. Cloud

Eveleth Anoka-Hennepin

Faribault Staples

Grand Rapids Thief River Falls

Granite Falls Wadena

Hibbing Willmar

Jackson Winona

Mankato Brainerd

Minneapolis Detroit Lakes

OTHER PROJECT MINI-SCORE PUBLICATIONS

- 1. Nelson, H. F. and Pucel, D. J. Area School Student Selection Project: Selected Descriptive Data Gathered on Approximately 6400 Applicants to the Cooperating Area Vocational-Technical Schools of Minnesota During the Period from October 1, 1966 to July 1, 1967. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1967.
- 2. Pucel, D. J. "The Centour Methodology Applied to Vocational Student Counseling and Admission," <u>Journal of Industrial Teacher Education</u>, Fall, 1969.
- 3. Pucel, D. J. The Student: An Integral Part of Vocational Program Development and Evaluation. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1969.
- 4. Pucel, D. J. and Nelson, H. F. Area School Student Selection Project: A Preliminary Look at the Test Battery Data. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1967.
- 5. Pucel, D. J., Nelson, H. F. and Wheeler, D. N. A Comparison of the Employment Success of Vocational-Technical School Graduates, Drop-Outs, and Persons Not Admitted to Vocational Programs. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1971.
- Pucel, D. J., Nelson, H. F., and Wheeler, D. N. <u>Differentiating Among Graduates of Vocational-Technical Curriculums</u>. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1970, ERIC 043-757; VT 011-749.
- 7. Pucel, D. J., and Nelson, H. F. General Aptitude Test Battery (B-1002 Form B)

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- 11. Pucel, D. J., and Nelson, H. F. <u>Project MINI-SCORE</u>: An Interim Report, 1966-69, rev. ed. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1969.



- 12. Pucel, D. J., and Nelson, H. F. <u>Project MINI-SCORE: Some Preliminary</u>
 <u>Implications for Vocational Guidance</u>. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE,
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- 13. Pucel, D. J., Nelson, H. F., and Wheeler, D. N. "Questionnaire Follow-Up Returns as a Function of Incentives and Responder Characteristics." <u>Vocational Guidance Quarterly</u>, March, 1971.
- 14. Pucel, D. J., and Nelson, H. F., and Wheeler, D. N. <u>Questionnaire Follow-Up Returns as a Function of Incentives and Responder Characteristics</u>.

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- 15. Pucel, D. J. and Nelson, H. F. What Happens to Graduates of Minnesota's Area Vocational-Technical Schools. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1969.
- 16. Pucel, D. J., and others. <u>Vocational Maturity and Vocational Training</u>. Minneapolis: Project MINI-SCORE, Department of Industrial Education, University of Minnesota, 1970.



VOLUMES OF PROJECT-MINI SCORE* FINAL REPORT

PROJECT MINI-SCORE FINAL REPORT

PROJECT MINI-SCORE FINAL TECHNICAL REPORTS:

Report One - The Ability of Standardized Test Instruments to Predict Training Success and Employment Success

Report Two - The Ability of Standardized Test Instruments to
Differentiate Membership in Different
Vocational-Technical Curricula

Report Three - General Aptitude Test Battery
Training Success Norms and Employment Success Norms

Report Four - Minnesota Vocational Interest Inventory
Training Success Norms and Employment Success Norms

Report Five - Minnesota Scholastic Aptitude Test and
Vocational Development Inventory
Training Success Norms and Employment Success Norms

*The project was commonly known as Project MINI-SCORE (Minnesot: Student Characteristics and Occupational Related Education) but was originally proposed with the formal title: Characteristics of Full-Time Students in Post-Secondary Trade Courses; U.S.O.E. project number HRD 5-0148.

